

In the name of God

Director of the course

Mohammad Javad Ashrafi



Fall 2015













 Assumption: symmetry with respect to <u>geometry</u> and <u>loading</u> about an axis of the body





• the stresses are independent of the θ coordinate



Fall 2015



$$\begin{cases} \sigma_r \\ \sigma_z \\ \sigma_\theta \\ \tau_{rz} \end{cases} = \frac{E}{(1+\nu)(1-2\nu)} \begin{bmatrix} 1-\nu & \nu & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1-\nu & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & \nu & 1-\nu & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1-2\nu}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} \varepsilon_r \\ \varepsilon_z \\ \varepsilon_\theta \\ \gamma_{rz} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} N_{i} = \frac{1}{2A} (\alpha_{i} + \beta_{i}r + \gamma_{i}z) \\ N_{j} = \frac{1}{2A} (\alpha_{j} + \beta_{j}r + \gamma_{j}z) \\ N_{m} = \frac{1}{2A} (\alpha_{m} + \beta_{m}r + \gamma_{m}z) \end{bmatrix} \{\psi\} = \begin{cases} u(r, z) \\ w(r, z) \end{cases} = \begin{bmatrix} N_{i} & 0 & N_{j} & 0 & N_{m} & 0 \\ 0 & N_{i} & 0 & N_{j} & 0 & N_{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} u_{i} \\ w_{i} \\ u_{j} \\ w_{j} \\ u_{m} \\ w_{m} \end{cases} \}$$
$$\{\psi\} = [N]\{d\}$$

Fall 2015



$$\{\varepsilon\} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{B}_i & \underline{B}_j & \underline{B}_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} u_i \\ w_i \\ u_j \\ w_j \\ u_m \\ w_m \end{cases} \qquad \begin{bmatrix} B_i \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2A} \begin{bmatrix} \beta_i & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma_i \\ \frac{\alpha_i}{r} + \beta_i + \frac{\gamma_i z}{r} & 0 \\ \gamma_i & \beta_i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[k] = \iiint_{V} [B]^{T} [D] [B] dV$$
$$[k] = 2\pi \iint_{A} [B]^{T} [D] [B] r dr dz$$

Fall 2015



• Evaluate [B] for a centroidal point (r,z) of the element

$$r = \overline{r} = \frac{r_i + r_j + r_m}{3} \qquad z = \overline{z} = \frac{z_i + z_j + z_m}{3}$$
$$[B(\overline{r}, \overline{z})] = [\overline{B}]$$
$$[k] = 2\pi \overline{r} A [\overline{B}]^T [D] [\overline{B}]$$

Fall 2015

Body Forces

University of Golpayegan Mechanical Engineering

- Gravity (in the direction of the *z* axis)
- centrifugal forces in rotating machine parts (in the direction of the r axis)

$$\{f_b\} = 2\pi \iint_A [N]^T \left\{ \begin{matrix} R_b \\ Z_b \end{matrix} \right\} r \, dr \, dz$$





Surface Forces

University of Golpayegan Mechanical Engineering

$$\{f_s\} = \iint_S [N_s]^T \left\{ \begin{array}{c} p_r \\ p_z \end{array} \right\} dS$$

$$\{f_s\} = \frac{2\pi r_j (z_m - z_j)}{2} \begin{cases} 0\\0\\p_r\\p_z\\p_r\\p_z\\p_r\\p_z \end{cases}$$





Example 9.1: p.421

University of Golpayegan Mechanical Engineering



Fall 2015



Example 9.2: p.422

University of Golpayegan Mechanical Engineering



Fall 2015