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3rd SERIES OF INTRODUCTORY WORKSHOP ON:

Strategies to Enhance Research Visibility, Impact & Citations

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www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009
http://scholar.google.com/citations

Read more:

- 1. Ale Ebrahim, N., Salehi, H., Embi, M. A., Habibi Tanha, F., Gholizadeh, H., Motahar, S. M., & Ordi, A. (2013). Effective Strategies for Increasing Citation Frequency. International Education Studies, 6(11), 93-99. doi: 10.5539/ies.v6n11p93
- 2. Ale Ebrahim, Nader. "Optimize Your Article for Search Engine." University of Malaya Research Bulletin 2.1 (2014): 38-39.

Abstract

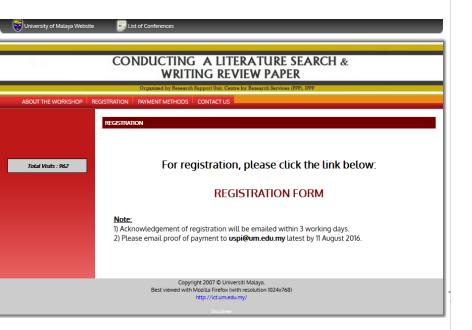
Abstract: Unpublished papers, white papers and teaching materials can be a source for increasing the author's visibility. Getting author's documents (the full range of work produced by scholars and researchers) under control is a key driver to enhance research visibility and impact. With a document publishing tools, authors can put all of their key documents online, where they are immediately accessible to the researchers that need them. By storing documents online researchers can disseminate their research output. I will introduce some of document publishing tools in this workshop.

Keywords: H-index, Improve citations, Research tools, Bibliometrics, Research Visibility, Research Impact

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Workshop on: CONDUCTING A LITERATURE SEARCH & WRITING REVIEW PAPER

http://umconference.um.edu.my/ls



Workshop on:

CONDUCTING A LITERATURE SEARCH & WRITING REVIEW PAPER

INTRODUCTION

Literature search & writing review paper can be time consuming and boring at times. If you are facing situations such as:

- "I am a new postgraduate student and am not sure how to conduct a literature search."
- "I have problem finding articles and references relevant to my research."
- "I have downloaded the article, but I cannot find it now!"
- "What is the journal submission and acceptance procedure and the steps involved?"
- "I need help to increase the citation of my papers"

Benefits of attending this workshop are:

- Acquire the art in effective reference search
- Apply appropriate research tools across various discipline that are available online
- Improve research visibility

WHO SHOULD ATTEND THE WORKSHOP?

The workshop is aimed for researchers who intend to write literature review papers and to increase their papers' visibility and citations.

Certificate of attendance, food and beverages will be provided

WE ARE SOLUTION PROVIDERS! WE CAN MAKE YOUR RESEARCH MORE REWARDING!

We provide an effective literature search strategy that can:

- Save your time and safe keep your downloaded articles
- Use scientific databases and reference management software properly
- Provide clear direction for your literature review and review paper writing

Programme Details

Date: 18 & 25 August 2016
Time: 9.00 am — 4.30 pm

Venue: Computer Lab, Level 2, IPPP,

Kompleks Pengurusan Penyelidikan &

Inovasi, University of Malaya

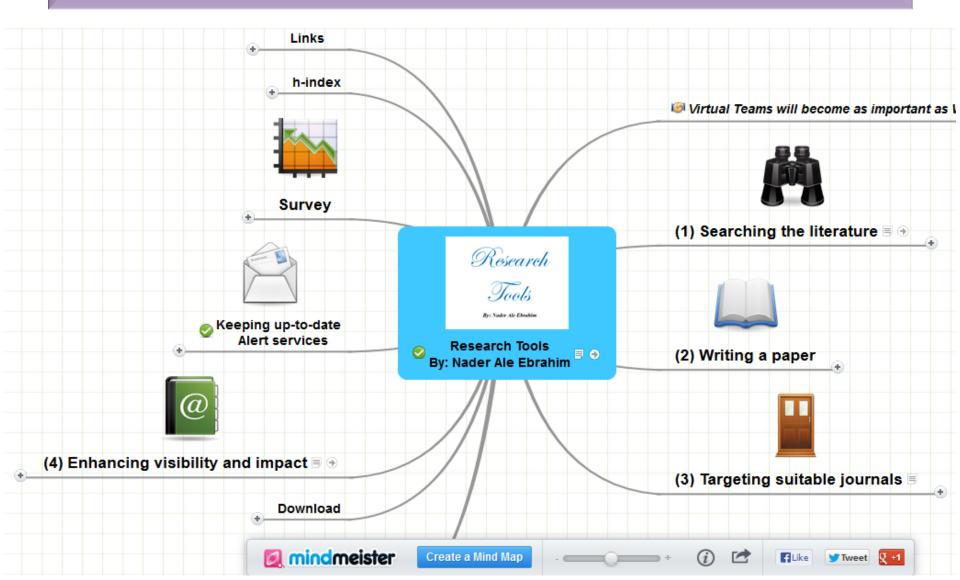
Fee: RM 400.00 (inclusive of GST)

SPEAKER'S PROFILE

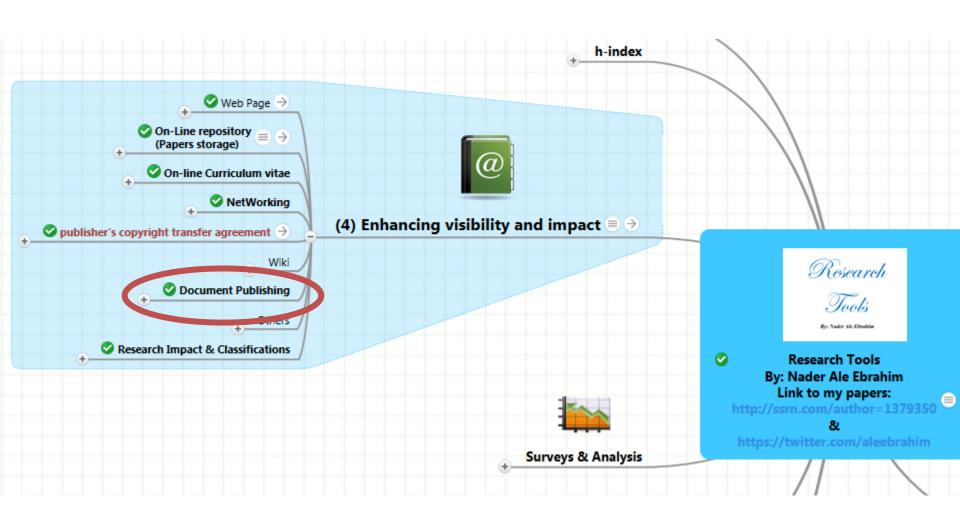
Dr. Nader Ale Ebrahim is a visiting research fellow at the Centre for Research Services, IPPP, University of Malaya. He is the winner of 'Refer-a-Colleague Competition' and has received prizes from renowned establishments such as Thomson Reuters. Nader is well-known as the creator of

research Tools" Box and the developer of "Publication Marketing Tools". He has so far conducted over 250 workshops within and outside of the University of Malaya.

Research Tools Mind Map



Research Tools Mind Map -> (4) Enhancing visibility and impact -> Document publishing



From submission to sharing: the life cycle of an article

- Phase 1: Conception and birth
- Phase 2: Submission
- Phase 3: Reviewers

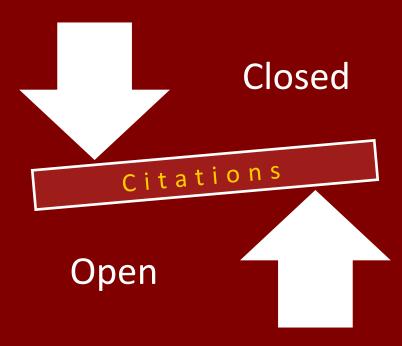


- Phase 4: Production and publication
- Phase 5: Dissemination and archiving
 - The article is published, but its life cycle isn't yet complete. In this phase, dissemination can start; sharing the <u>Share Links</u> article helps increase readership and make it more visible.

Broadening the visibility of your research

| | Tell people about your work | Describe your work in plain language | Attend conferences and share your work | Sign your team up to help with sharing | Track how industry partners apply your work | Include comms people in project |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | Maximize discoverability of your work | Build persistent 'profile' pages for your work | Embrace social media discussion | Trust your colleagues to talk about their work | Think and work co-actively | Plan outward- facing staff positions |
| | Plan the best way to share work | Remove barriers to access your work | Complete your online profiles | Reward people who discuss their work | Facilitate interaction between depts | Set outreach goals and deadlines |
| | Share work while it has relevance | Use your institutional repository | Explore available support / training | Build people's confidence to share | Invest in outreach | Have a clear project contact |
| | Broadening the visibility of your research; output from an exercise at #ARMA2016 © Kudos Innovations Ltd, 2016. Licensed for re-use under a Creative Commons Attribution Licence. | | | | | |

Does it benefit my **citation rate** if I share my research openly online?



Source: Katja Reuter (2014), How to Become a Successful Digital Scholar, Workshop 1 of the Digital Scholar Training Series, Southern California Clinical and Translational Science Institute (SC CTSI), University of Southern California

Supporting Factors

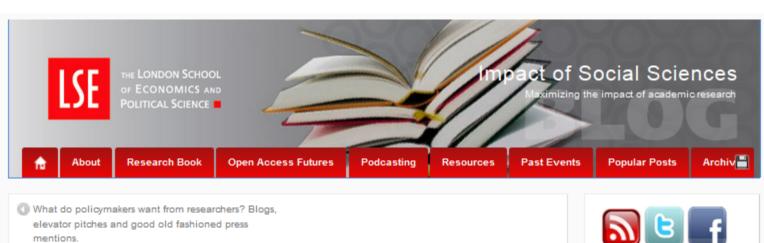
- ✓ Early pre-publication and general free access
- ✓ Search engine optimization
- ✓ Sharing data sets
- ✓ Tailored distribution on social media
- ✓ Use alternative formats (e.g., video, infographics, audioslides)

Open the full range of work produced by scholars and researchers

 It's not only journal articles you can share. Consider making all your scholarly outputs available online.

Source: http://wiki.lib.sun.ac.za/images/5/5d/Online Visibility Guidelines.pdf

Expand the scope of your papers to wider audiences across disciplines and industries to extend your outreach and usage.



mentions.



Institutional repositories provide an ideal medium for scholars to move beyond the journal article.

Blog Admin















Reflecting on their experiences supporting the growth of Columbia University's Academic Commons digital repository, Leyla Williams, Kathryn Pope, and Brian Luna Lucero make a clear case for why other institutional repositories should look to broaden the scope of the materials

they house.

Institutional repositories (IRs) should actively collect the full range of work produced by scholars and researchers - not just "green" versions of peer-reviewed journal articles but student theses, data, working papers, blog posts, and more. In doing so, IRs become vital platforms that leverage the potential of the Web to reach a broader audience, bring new voices to scholarly discourse, and create opportunities for collaboration.







Search



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The Best Unpublished Research Paper Award is awarded annually after a blind, peer review of all submissions. Papers may be on any topic of relevance to the understanding and appreciation of family firms and/or family firm advisors. The manuscript should not have been accepted for publication at the time it is submitted for the award. The winning article must be submitted to FBR for publication consideration. FBR will use an expedited review process to evaluate the submission.

Award Amount: \$2,500

Submit

If you are submitting a paper for consideration, please:

 upload your completed unpublished research paper as requested on the form. Include the author's name, address, phone and email address on the title page only.

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Password

Sign In

Forgot your password?

Not a member?

How to Increase Citations of Your Scientific Articles

Not only nontechnical articles lead people to your technical papers, but they will generally raise your scientific profile on the internet.

impacts on transitional plant communities than experiments conducted in single geographic locations.

Elevated Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide

Carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere has increased about 21 percent from 280 parts per million (ppm) in preindustrial times to approximately 370 ppm today and is predicted by some models to double within the next century. Effects of elevated CO, and climate change will likely be apparent first in geographic areas where major vegetation types meet. With funding from the USGS Global Change Program, investigators are conducting experiments to determine the relative responses of this manerove-salt marsh community to CO, enrichment and interactions with local factors such as nutrient regime (fig. 4). Preliminary results indicate that vegetation shifts from salt marsh to mangrove-dominated communities will not occur by increases in CO. alone. especially where soil conditions promote growth of smooth cordgrass which suppresses expansion of black mangrove; however, where smooth cord grass is stressed or eliminated, for example by climate extremes, black mangrove may invade salt

Scientists from USGS have collaborated with Smithsonian

Accelerated Sea Level Rise and Peat-forming

Institution scientists to understand how peat-forming mangroves keep pace with rising sea level. Mangrove islands in the Mesoamerican Barrier Reef System are isolated from inputs of terrigenous sediment and are thus dependent upon accumulation of organic matter for soil formation. Here, mangroves have built vertically through peat formation, which occurs when decomposition of organic matter is slow. Soil waterlogging and low nutrients, which slow decomposition of mangrove tissues, naturally lead to a buildup of peat that raises the soil surface a few millimeters per year over long periods of time. Mangrove peat is composed primarily of refractory roots, rather than leaf or wood material that decays more quickly or is removed by tides (Middleton and McKee, 2001). Mangrove islands are underlain by peat up to 10 m in depth, and radiocarbon dating indicates that mangroves established in these sites 7,000 or 8,000 years before present. As the sea level rose, mangroves kept pace by deposition and slow turnover of roots (McKee and Faulkner, 2000).

McKee, K.L. and Faulkner, P.L., 2000, Mangrove peat analysis and reconstruction of vegetation history at the Pelican Cays, Belize: Atoll Research Bulletin, v. 468 p. 46-58.

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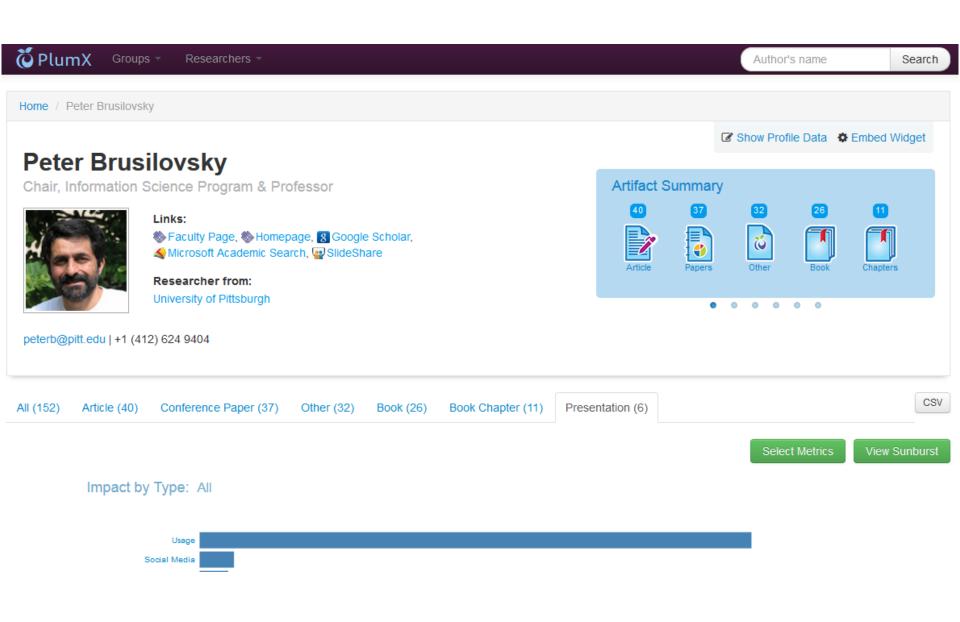
For more information, contact

Karen L. McKee U.S. Geological Survey National Wetlands Research Center 700 Cajundome Blvd. Lafavette, LA 70506 337-266-8500 http://www.rwrc.usgs.gev



Source: http://thescientistvideographer.com/wordpress/how-to-increase-citations-of-your-scientific-articles/#comment-

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Collaborative Virtual Classroom A perspective view of a Collaborative Virtual Classroom via Google App Engine



RESEARCH · AUGUST 2015 with 69 READS

DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.1.1922.2245 2015-08-21 T 15:13:24 UTC



1st Xanthoula Atsalaki

데 0.3 · Technological Educational Institute ...

DESCRIPTION

I wrote this in the terms of an assignment for a lesson in the Master I take now. It is a conference type paper and i would like to know what improvements should be made if any and if it has chances to be accepted somewhere or if what it says is of no significance. Abstract —The use of virtual worlds for supporting

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Figshare is a repository where users can make all of their research outputs available in a citable, shareable and discoverable manner. This service allows users to upload any file format to be made visualisable in the browser so that figures, datasets, media, papers, posters, presentations and filesets can be disseminated in a way that the current scholarly publishing model does not allow.

Source: Figshare: good or bad?

Nader Ale Ebrahim – figshare profile



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25 July 2016



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Research fellow

Kula Lumpur, Malaysia



Nader Ale Ebrahim received his PhD in Technology Management from the Department of Engineering Design and Manufacture, Faculty of Engineering, University of Malaya. He holds a Master of Science in the Mechanical Engineering from the University of Tehran with distinguished honors. He has over 23 years of experience in the field of technology management and new product development in different companies. His current research interest focuses on E-skills, Research Tools, Bibliometrics and managing virtual R&D

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Abdul Rashid, Salwa Hanim



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Attention! A study of open access vs non-open access articles



Euan Adie
October 23, 2014 41 Comments



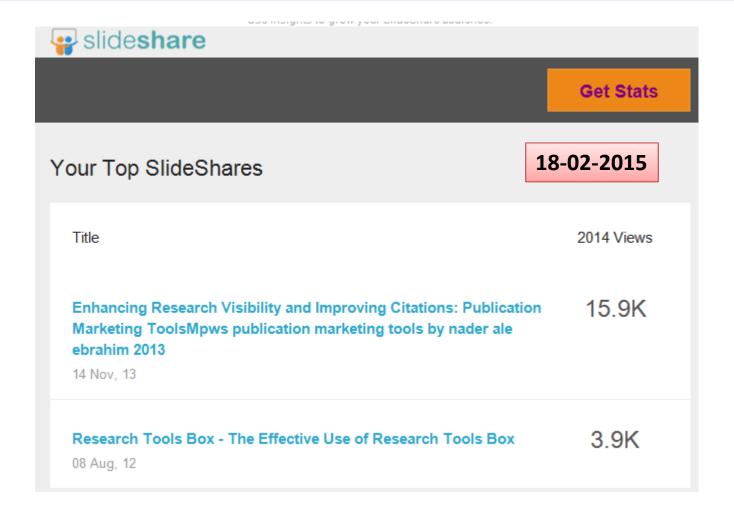
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Adie, Euan (2014): Attention! A study of open access vs non-open access articles. figshare.

http://dx.doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.1213690

Source: http://www.altmetric.com/blog/attentionoa/

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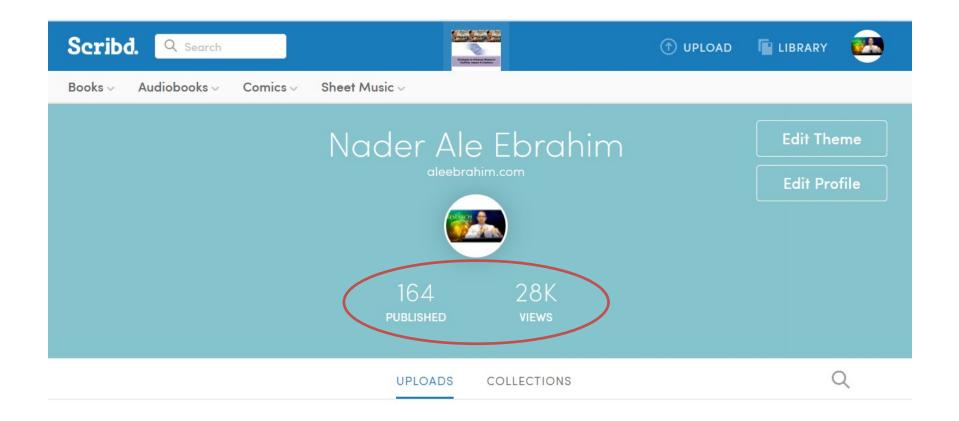
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What are the compatible file types and content providers for media samples on my profile?

Last Reviewed: 05/01/2013 Report Answer Inaccuracies

Expand All | Collapse All

A new feature is gradually being released to all members that allows you display samples of your work on your profile. This is done by uploading a file or adding a link to existing content on a third-party site.

Here's a list of approved content providers and content types. Click each heading to expand or contract the list.

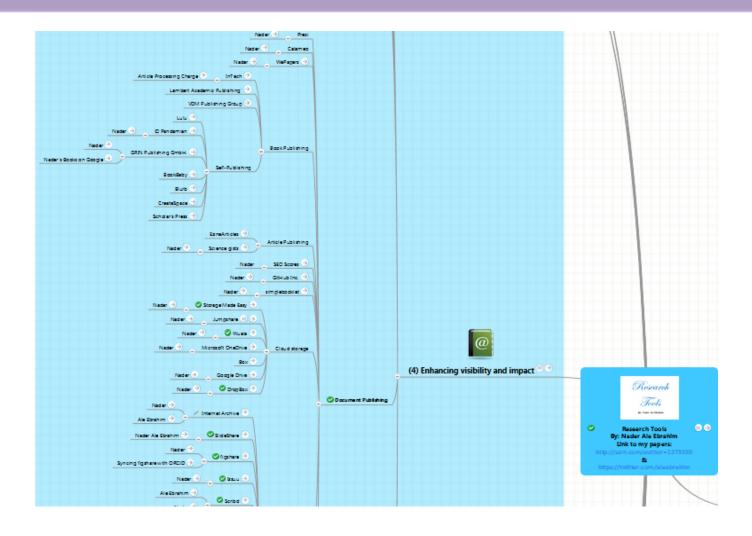
- Image Providers:
- Video Providers:
- Audio Providers:
- Presentations and Documents:
 - Prezi
 - Scribd
 - SlideShare

Internet Archive

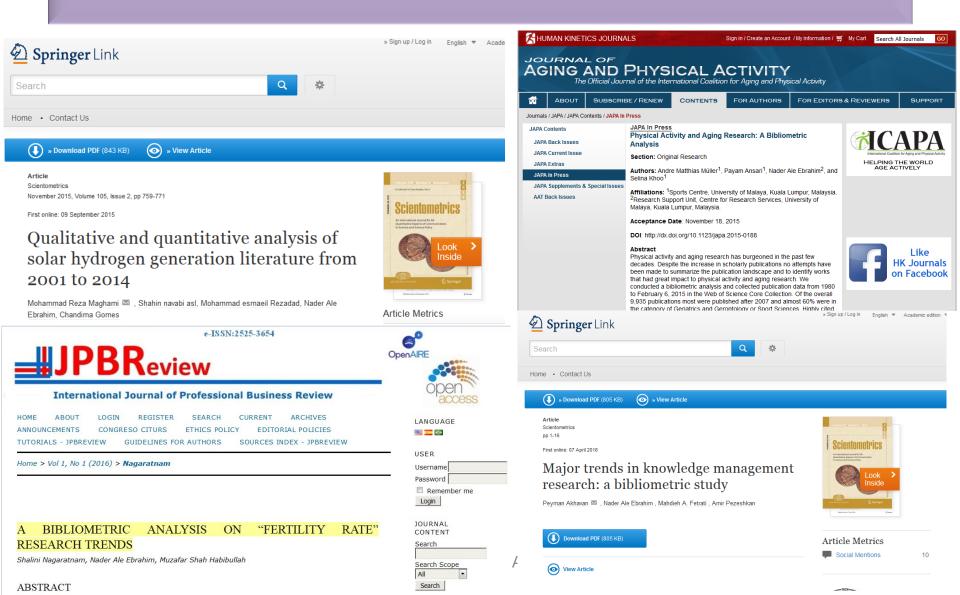
The Internet Archive is a non-profit that was founded to build an Internet library. Its purposes include offering permanent access for researchers, historians, scholars, people with disabilities, and the general public to historical collections that exist in digital format. Founded in 1996. Now the Internet Archive includes texts, audio, moving images, and software as well as archived web pages in our collections, and provides specialized services for adaptive reading and information access for the blind and other persons with disabilities. (Example)

See more at: http://archive.org/about/

And many more ...



My recent publications





RESEARCH SUPPORT UNIT (RSU)

CENTRE FOR RESEARCH SERVICES
RESEARCH MANAGEMENT & INNOVATION COMPLEX (IPPP)
UNIVERSITY OF MALAYA

Questions?

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