

الحمد لله الرحمن الرحيم



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Research Tools: Supporting Research and Publication

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[@aalebrahim](https://twitter.com/aalebrahim)



www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009
<http://scholar.google.com/citations>



17th May 2016

All of my presentations are available online at:

https://figshare.com/authors/Nader_Ale_Ebrahim/100797

Link to this presentation: <https://dx.doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.3187673.v1>

Introduction to the “Research Tools”: Supporting Research and Publication

Nader Ale Ebrahim, PhD

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www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009

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Read more: Ale Ebrahim, N., Salehi, H., Embi, M. A., Habibi Tanha, F., Gholizadeh, H., Motahar, S. M., & Ordi, A. (2013). [Effective Strategies for Increasing Citation Frequency](#). *International Education Studies*, 6(11), 93-99. doi: 10.5539/ies.v6n11p93

Abstract

Abstract:

With the increasing use of information and communications technology (ICT), researchers are able to use computer software tools to find, organize, manipulate, analyze, and share relevant information. However, there are hundreds of such tools to select from, for various research-related uses. I have collected over 700 research tools that can help researchers do their work efficiently. Research Tools consists of a hierarchical set of nodes. It has four main nodes: (1) Searching the literature, (2) Writing a paper, (3) Targeting suitable journals, and (4) Enhancing visibility and impact. In this presentation, the four main nodes are described.

Keywords:

H-index, Improve citations, Research tools, Bibliometrics, Literature review, Research visibility

Problem statements

The search can be time consuming and sometimes tedious task. How can make it easier? How do deal with situations such as:

- “I just join as a new postgraduate student and I am not sure how to do a literature search”
- “I have been in research for some time now but I spend a lot of time to get the articles I want”
- “I am sure I have downloaded the article but I am not able to find it”
- “I wanted to write a new paper, how can I manage the references in the shortest possible time?”
- “I have many references, some of my old papers, and some of my current research. Sometimes, they are so many that I can’t recall where I have kept them in my folders!”
-
- “I have written an article and I am not able to find a proper Journal”
- “I want to increase the citation of my papers, how do I do?”

Objectives

The seminar seeks to serve the following objectives:

- i. To help students who seek to reduce the search time by expanding the knowledge of researchers to more effectively use the "tools" that are available through the Net.
- ii. To evaluate the types of literature that researchers will encounter.
- iii. To convert the information of the search for a written document.
- iv. To help researchers learn how to search and analyze the right journal to submit.
- v. To promote their publication for further citation.

Outline

1. [Introduce](#) “[Research Tools](#)” Mind Map
2. Developing a search strategy, Finding keyword
3. [Finding](#) proper articles,
4. [Evaluate](#) a paper/journal quality
5. [To do an effective](#) literature search
6. [Keeping up-to-date](#) (Alert system), Indexing desktop search tool
7. The paraphrasing & editing tool, Avoid plagiarism
8. [Organize](#) the references (Reference management) tool
9. [Target](#) suitable journal
10. [Promote](#) your publication to get more citation
11. Q&A

A close-up, high-contrast photograph of a person's eye, looking slightly to the right. The eye is dark and has a sharp, focused gaze. The surrounding skin and hair are in soft focus, with some highlights on the eyelashes and forehead. The overall mood is serious and contemplative.

RESEARCHERS NEED TOOLS
THAT SEE THE WAY THEY SEE

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Article


Scientometrics

November 2015, Volume 105, Issue 2, pp 759-771

First online: 09 September 2015

Open Access

Qualitative and quantitative analysis of solar hydrogen generation literature from 2001 to 2014

Mohammad Reza Maghami , Shahin navabi asl, Mohammad esmaeil Rezadad, Nader Ale

Ehsani, Chandima Gomes



What is the average number of references for writing an article or review paper in “Economics”?

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Aggregate Source Data (i)

	Citable Items			Other
	Article	Review	Combine	
Number in JCR Year 2014 (A)	17,133	172	17,305	6,140
Number of References (B)	693,044	12,010	705,054	8,620
Ratio (B/A)	40.5	69.8	40.7	1.4

AGGREGATE SOURCE DATA

Aggregate Source Data is included as a table, counting the number of citable items, and yielding a ratio to the number of references to each type of citable item included in that JCR Year.

Exercise

- Make a sentence including:

“the aim of study”

- Find a recent English thesis about:

“Virtual Teams”

Make a sentence including:

“the aim of study”

... Isfahan, Iran Background and Aims	The aim of study	was determination of the effect of ...
... postmortem macropathologic changes.	The aim of study	is to analyze the pathological data ...
... (NAC) are controversial.	The aim of study	is to compare histological grade and ...
... Federation Objectives and study:	the aim of study	was to compare the efficacy and ...
... Introduction and objectives:	The aim of study	was to evaluate the incidence of ...
... Istanbul, Turkey Objectives:	The aim of study	was to evaluate the effect of acid ...
... has been considered as a futile (1).	The aim of study	was obtaining information concerning ...
... Medical Academy Summary (4 lines):	The aim of study	is to estimate diagnostic values of ...
... medicine, RAKUS, Riga, Latvia	The aim of study	was to compare the effectiveness of ...

Recent English thesis about: “Virtual Teams”

Open Access Theses and Dissertations

Search keywords from titles, author names, abstracts, subjects...

[Advanced search options](#)

Sorted by: relevance · author · university · date | [New search](#)

[Search history](#)

You searched for `title: (virtual AND teams) AND language: (en OR eng OR english) AND pub_dt: [2010-01-01T00:00:00Z TO +]`. Showing records 1 – 30 of 50 total matches.

< [1] [2] >

Search Limiters
Last 2 Years English Only
Country
US (13)
South Africa (10)

1. Hakonen, Marko. *Identification with virtual teams.*

Degree: 2010, Aalto-yliopiston teknillinen korkeakoulu

URL: <https://aaltodoc.aalto.fi/handle/123456789/4756> 


- ▶ **Virtual teams**, that is groups of people striving toward a common goal, dispersed across many locations, and communicating with each other predominantly via information and... [\(more\)](#)

Subjects/Keywords: Psychology; Work; virtual teams; social identification; perceived justice

[Record Details](#) [Similar Records](#) [Cite](#) [Share](#) >

2. Creutz, Martin. *Virtual Teams.*

Degree: 2011, Jönköping University

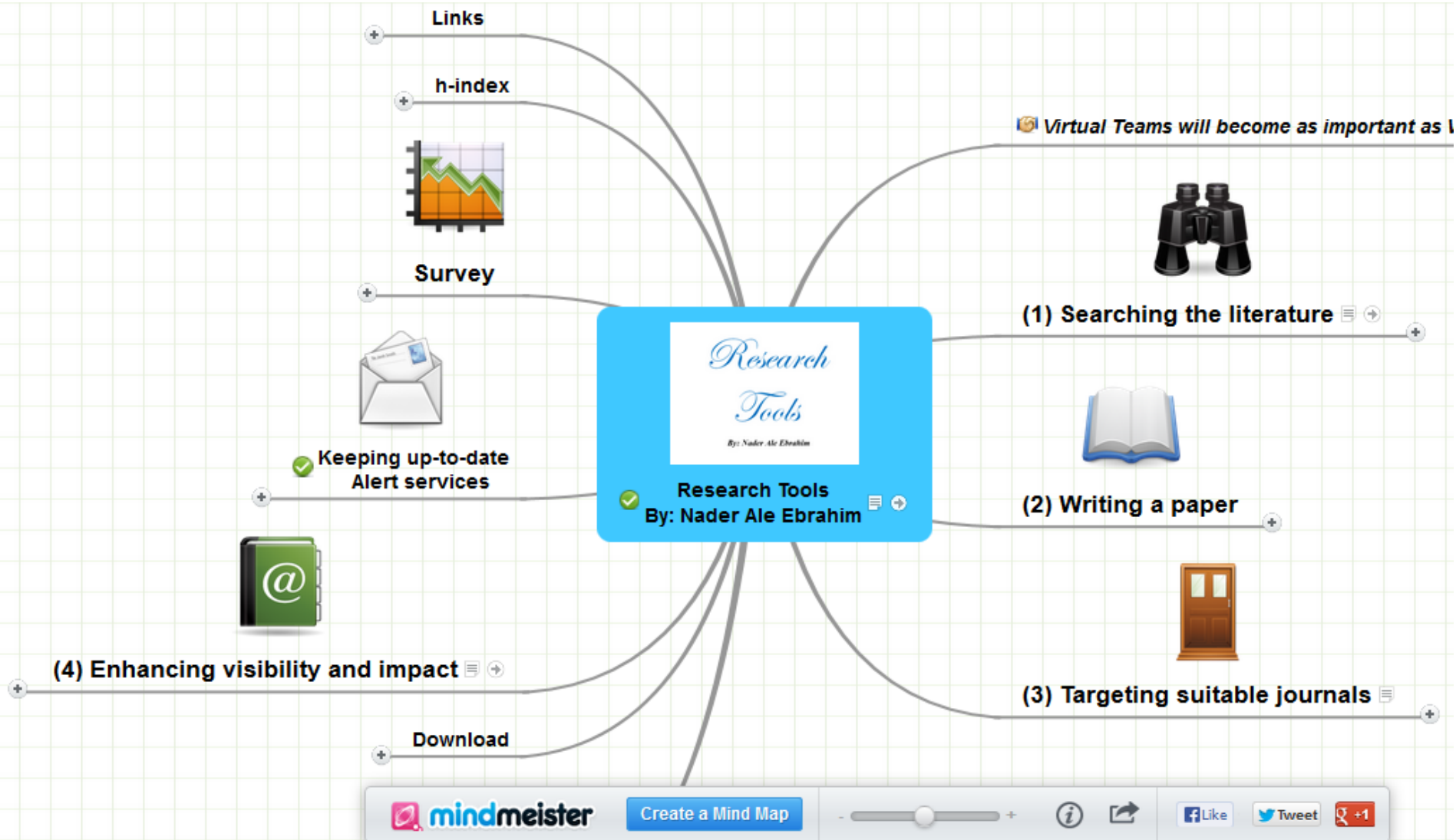
URL: <http://urn.kb.se/resolve?urn=urn:nbn:se:hj:diva-16206> 

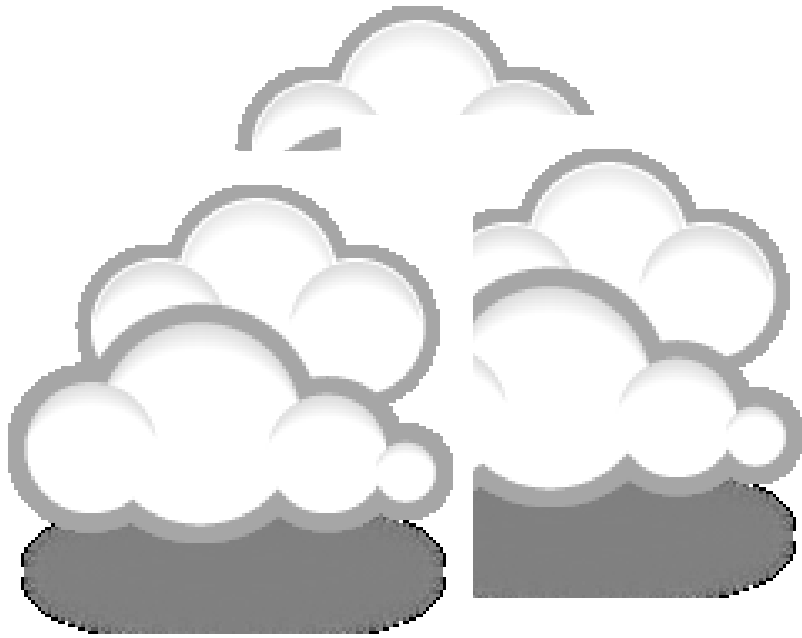
Subjects/Keywords: Natural Sciences; Computer and Information Science; Human Computer Interaction; Naturvetenskap; Data- och informationsvetenskap; Människa-datorinteraktion (interaktionsdesign); teknik; Technology; IHH, Informatik; IHH, Informatics

[Record Details](#) [Similar Records](#) [Cite](#) [Share](#) >

3. ROBINSON, JOY D. *COMMUNICATION, LEADERSHIP, AND VIRTUAL TEAMS.*

Research Tools Mind Map





Developing a search strategy,
Finding keyword

Keywords and Keywords Plus®

Authors sometimes provide a list of keywords or terms that they feel best represent the content of their paper. These keywords are contained in the ISI record (1991 data forward, depending on the [database](#)) for each article and are searchable. In addition, ISI generates KeyWords Plus for many articles. KeyWords Plus are words or phrases that frequently appear in the titles of an article's references, but do not necessarily appear in the title of the article itself. KeyWords Plus may be present for articles that have no author keywords, or may include important terms not listed among the title, abstract, or author keywords.

Source: <http://wos.isitrial.com/help/helpdefs.html>

Web of ScienceSM

Results Topic=("virtual Teams")

Timespan=All Years. Databases=SCI-EXPANDED, SSCI, A&HCI, CPCI-S, CPCI-SSH.
Lemmatization=On

Scientific WebPlus^{BETA} View Web Results >>

Note: Alternative forms of your search term (for example, tooth and teeth) may have been applied, in particular for Topic or Title searches that do not contain quotation marks around the terms. To find only exact matches for your terms, turn off the "Lemmatization" option on the search page.

Results: **741**

Page 1 of 75 Go

Sort by: Publication Date -- newest to oldest

Save to: EndNote Web EndNote ResearcherID

more options

Analyze Results Create Citation Report

Refine Results

Search within results for

Search

Web of Science Categories Refine

- MANAGEMENT (288)
- COMPUTER SCIENCE INFORMATION SYSTEMS (183)
- INFORMATION SCIENCE LIBRARY SCIENCE (122)
- BUSINESS (96)

- Title: **Factors of collaborative working: A framework for a collaboration model**
Author(s): Patel Harshada; Pettitt Michael; Wilson John R.
Source: APPLIED ERGONOMICS Volume: 43 Issue: 1 Pages: 1-26 DOI: 10.1016/j.apergo.2011.04.009 Published: JAN 2012
Times Cited: 0 (from Web of Science)
Full Text [View abstract]
- Title: **Technology Adoption in Online Social Networks**
Author(s): Peng Gang; Mu Jifeng
Source: JOURNAL OF PRODUCT INNOVATION MANAGEMENT Volume: 28 Supplement: 1 Pages: 133-145 DOI:

Web of ScienceSM

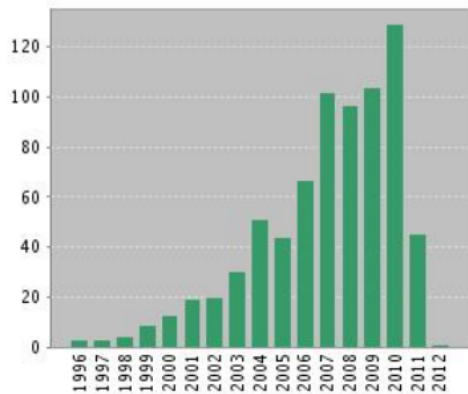
<< Back to previous results list

Citation Report Topic=("virtual Teams")

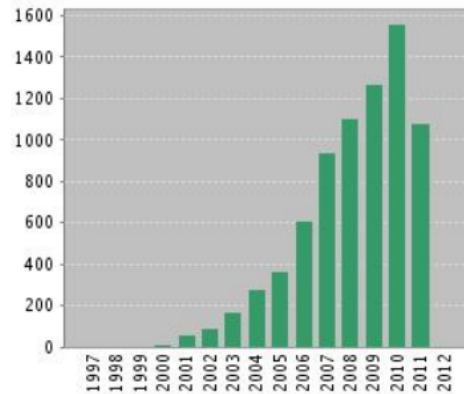
Timespan=All Years. Databases=SCI-EXPANDED, SSCI, A&HCI, CPCI-S, CPCI-SSH.

This report reflects citations to source items indexed within Web of Science. Perform a Cited Reference Search to include citations to items not indexed within Web of Science.

Published Items in Each Year



Citations in Each Year



Results found: 741

Sum of the Times Cited [?]: 7561

Sum of Times Cited without self-citations [?]: 4771

Citing Articles [?]: 3928

[View Citing Articles](#)

[View without self-citations](#)

Average Citations per Item [?]: 10.20

h-index [?]: 42

Results: **741**

Page 1 of 75 Go

Sort by: Times Cited -- highest to lowest

2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 Total Average





Finding proper articles

&

Evaluate a paper/journal quality

&

To do an effective literature search

Research Quality Measures

Three key measures of research impact are:

- 1. Quality of the journal** – journal rankings, impact factors
- 2. Quality of the publication/article** = times cited as found in tools like Web of Science, Scopus and Google Scholar
- 3. Personal or departmental measure = *h*-index**

Critically Analyzing Information Sources

1- Initial Appraisal:

Author

Date of Publication

Edition or Revision

Publisher

Title of Journal (Distinguishing Scholarly Journals from other Periodicals)

2- Content Analysis:

Intended Audience

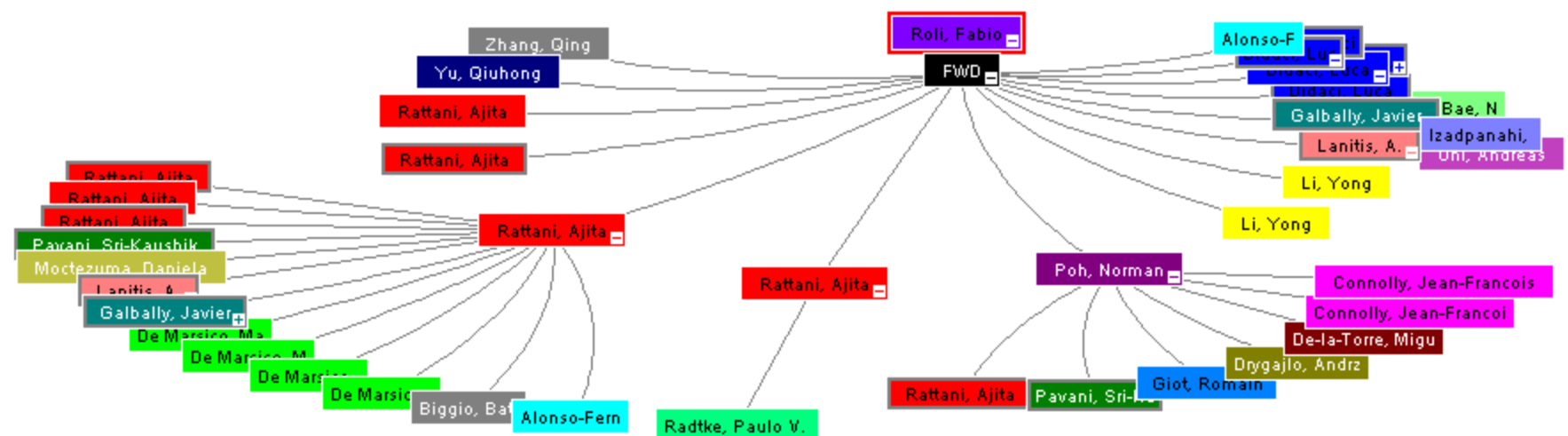
Objective Reasoning

Coverage

Writing Style

Evaluative Reviews

Manage Edit... Appearance Print... 1980 2005 2015 <2007 2015> Re-create Map



Source: Web of Science™, <http://thomsonreuters.com/scholarly-scientific-research/>

Record details for the nodes are displayed below (double-click a node to show its details). Click a checkbox below to locate that node above.

<input type="checkbox"/>		Primary Author	Journal Name	Article Title
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Roli, Fabio	2007-Advances in Biometrics, Proceedings	Template co-update in multimod...
<input type="checkbox"/>		Rattani, Ajita	2008-2008 IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY CONFERENCE ON COMPUTER VISION AND PATTERN RECOGNITION	Capturing Large Intra-class Va...

Template co-update in multimodal biometric systems

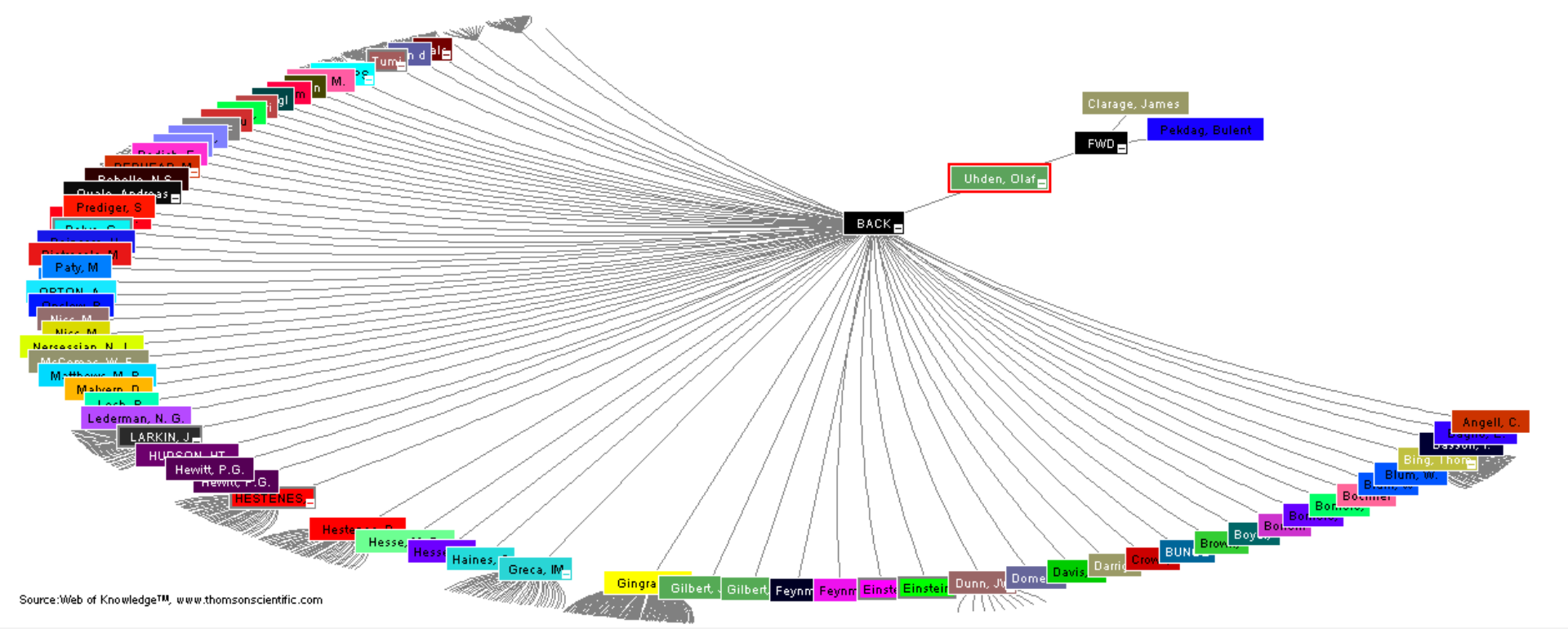
Number / Title	WOS:000249584900124 / Template co-update in multimodal biometric systems
Journal Title	Advances in Biometrics, Proceedings
Publication Year	2007
Author	Roli F, Didaci L, Marcialis G
Source Abbreviation	LECT NOTES COMPUT SC
Book Series Title	LECTURE NOTES IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Manage Edit... Appearance Print...

1980 2005 2012 2014

<1980 | 2014>

Re-create Map



Record details for the nodes are displayed below (double-click a node to show its details). Click a checkbox below to locate that node above.

Paper/journal quality

- Another guide to paper/journal quality is the general reputation of the association, society, or organization publishing the journal.
- Leading professional associations such as American Psychological Association (APA) or the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) publish a range of journals that are highly regarded.

For More Info.

How to do an Effective Literature Search?

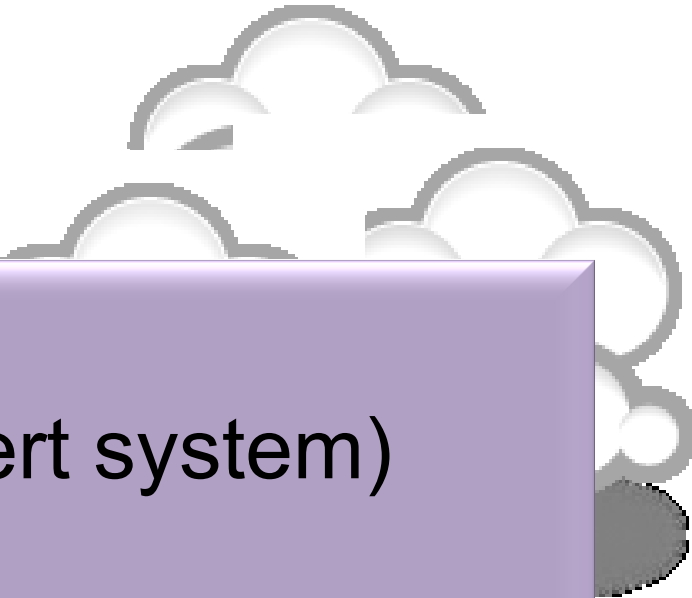
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Keeping up-to-date (Alert system)
&
Indexing desktop search tool

Keeping up-to-date

Alert services are an effective means of keeping track of the latest research.

Keeping up-to-date

Create a Google Alert

- Enter the topic you wish to monitor.
- Search terms:
- Type:
- How often:
- Email length:
- Your email:



Keeping up-to-date



SpringerAlerts



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[Scopus Citation Tracker](#)

Conference Alerts



AllConferencealerts.com - Conference call for research papers

Economics Conference Directory
conference seminar workshop

dtSearch Google Desktop Windows Search

The screenshot shows the dtSearch website homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Overview, Case Studies, Orders, Downloads, Support, and And More. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Search Site and Web Demo:** A small icon representing a search site.
- Reviews:** A list of links including Case Studies, Features Map, Desktop Evaluations, and Developer Evaluations.
- Product Description:** A section titled "Instantly Search Terabytes of Text" with bullet points describing the product's capabilities, such as searching across desktops, networks, and intranets, and its ability to handle large document collections.
- Product Line Features:** A list of features including 25+ full-text and fielded data search options, support for international languages, and the ability to highlight hits in popular web-based formats.
- Software Packages:** A graphic showing three software boxes: "Desktop with Spider", "Network with Spider", and "Web with Spider". It also mentions "Includes 64-bit version" and "Engine for Linux & .NET".
- Contact Information:** A section with the phone number 1-800-IT-FINDS (1-800-463-4637) and the website URL info@dtsearch.com.
- Smart Choice:** A statement: "The Smart Choice for Text Retrieval since 1991".

The screenshot shows the Windows Search 4.0 product page on the Microsoft website. The page features a large image of a man working on a laptop. The main heading is "Windows Search 4.0" with the tagline "Get the fastest and most reliable Windows search." Below this, there are several key features listed:

- Watch the videos:** See Windows Search in action, and get helpful search tips.
- Windows Search Administration Guide:** Learn how to deploy and manage Windows Search 4.0 across your company.
- Find critical information faster:** Download Windows Search 4.0 today.

At the bottom, there's a section titled "Highlights" with sub-sections for "Windows Search", "For Business Users", "For IT Professionals", "For Developers", and "Case Studies". A "Download free trial" button is also visible.

The screenshot shows the Google Desktop website. The main heading is "Google desktop" with a "Select a language" dropdown and a "Help" link. Below this, there's a section titled "Info when you want it, right on your desktop". A prominent blue button says "Install Google Desktop", with a note that it "Requires Windows Vista/XP (32-bit/64-bit)".

Below the installation button, there's a section "You can choose from these features during installation:" with two main categories:

- Desktop search:** Search your computer as easily as you search the web with Google. Find and launch applications and files with just a few keystrokes.
- Sticker with gadgets:** Add Google Gadgets to customize your desktop. Get news, weather and more anywhere on your desktop.

At the bottom, there are links for "Features", "Gadgets", "Developers", "Enterprise", and "Blog". The footer contains "©2009 Google" and links to "Terms of Service", "Privacy Policy", and "Google Downloads".



<-->	Name	Score	Hits	Location	Date	Size	Index	
1	Handbook of New Product.pdf	100%	5,573	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2008/10/10	2,538,400	Link 2009	075068552
2	DBA Thesis.pdf	78%	3,020	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2009/02/03	2,662,734	Link 2009	Microsoft V
3	Virtual Workplaces.pdf	73%	6,390	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2009/04/09	7,070,659	Link 2009	Handbook c
4	Process implications.pdf	52%	918	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2009/02/03	186,624	Link 2009	doi:10.1016
5	Teaching and Learning With Virtual Teams_1591407087.pdf	50%	2,587	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2009/02/23	2,825,610	Link 2009	Teaching a
6	Nader-AJBAS 3(3)2653-2669-2009.pdf	48%	810	E:\UM\Thesis\Literature Review\Link 2009	2009/11/04	222,924	Link 2009	Nader-AJB.



stances and offers related research propositions. The paper also discusses the role of the Internet in **new product** performance. Finally, the paper concludes with managerial and research implications.

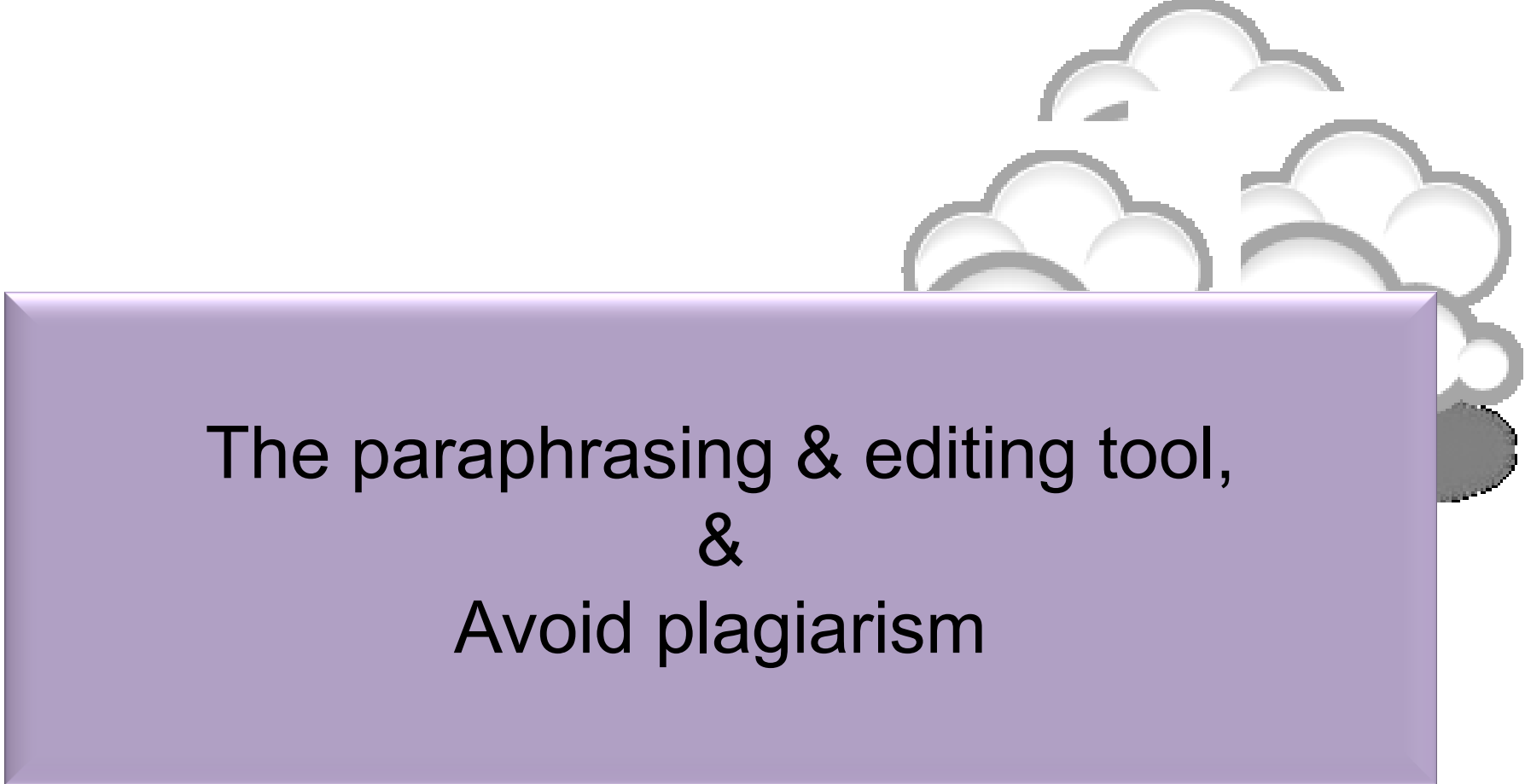
1. **New product development** process and the role of the Internet

Past research has consistently shown that a high-quality **new product development** process is one of the most critical success factors in **new product development** [8,10–12]. As a result, it has offered numerous processes that firms can use when developing their **new products**. Cooper [13] defines a **new product development** process as a formal blueprint, roadmap, template or thought process for driving a **new product** project from the idea to market launch and beyond. The process involves predetermined set of stages and each stage consists of a set of prescribed, cross-functional and parallel activities. Each stage is preceded by a gate, controlling the flow of the process and providing a decision checkpoint in the process. Because of the stages and the

with the first and second-generation processes, the third-generation process emphasizes efficiency and effectiveness in the **new product development** process through four fundamental areas. First, it is fluid, which means that there are overlaps in stages for greater speed. Second, it involves fuzzy gates, reducing the rigidity of criteria used in the gates and allowing conditional or situational considerations of the activities. Third, it is more focused in terms of prioritizing projects. Finally, it is flexible, suggesting that each **new product** is unique and has its own unique **development** process [13].

There are also compelling issues that indicate that **new product development** process may not be uniform across firms and **products**. Takeuchi and Nanoka [14] argue that today's rapidly changing and competitive market conditions require firms to adopt a flexible and fast **new product development** process and that a holistic "rugby" style **new product development** might be needed to respond to the conditions. With this approach, **new product teams** move through all phases of the **development** together, passing the ball back and forth as they develop **new products**. Based on a case study, the authors concluded that it is possible to





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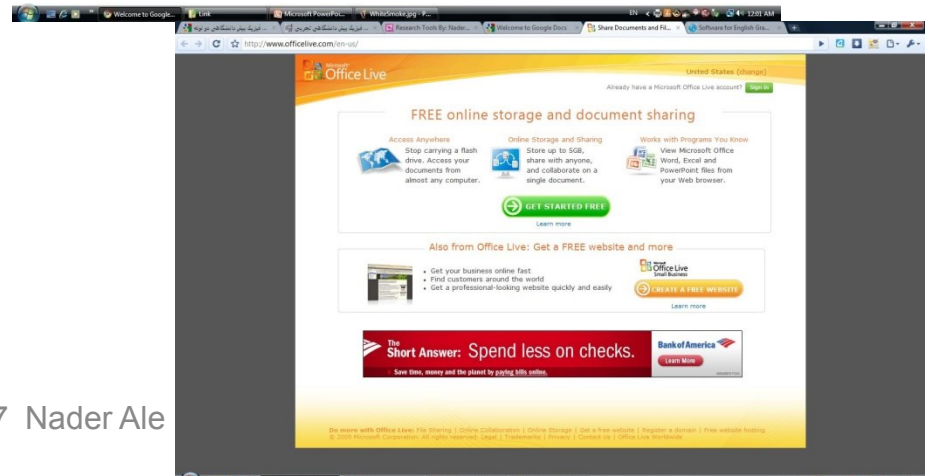
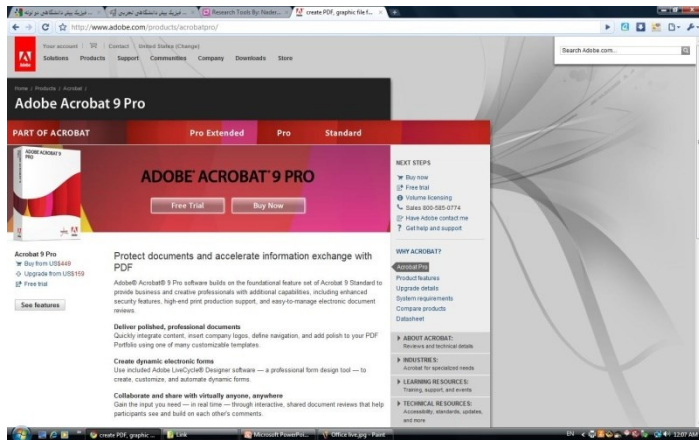
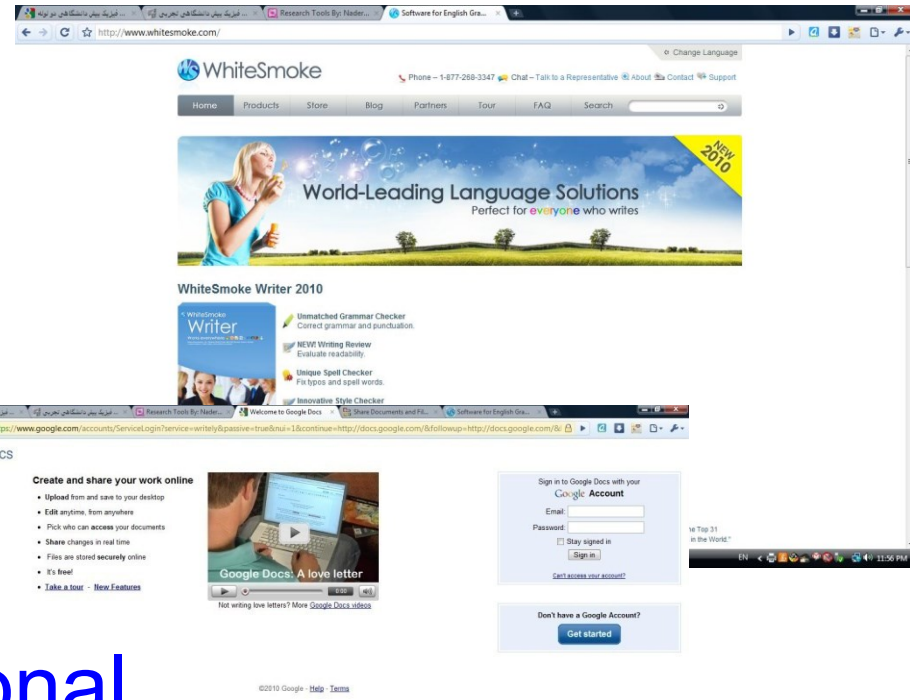
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Google Docs

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Adobe Acrobat Professional

DropBox



WhiteSmoke Writer 2010 General, Business, Creative Writing Versions

Templates Multilingual Dictionary Menu

Writing Review

Counts:
 Sentence count 4
 Word count 89

Scores:
 Avg. sentence length 22.2
 Passive verbs 0%
 Negative sentences 25%
 Informal expressions 0%
 Complex words 15%

Total Alerts: 3

How to Improve Your Text:
 - Correct your grammar mistakes
 - Use shorter and simpler sentences (9-17 words per sentence).
 - Use simpler words to improve readability.

WhiteSmoke Writing Index
 7 out of 10 Fair

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Summary: 0 Spelling, 3 Grammar, 0 Style English Video Courses Check Apply

for example, [21-24] and none of them concentrated on the virtual R&D teams for NPD in SMEs. This paper summary the key findings of earlier works on different aspects of virtual R&D teams in SMEs and establishes it rationale in new product development (NPD). It highlights the gaps and weaknesses in the existing literature on virtual teams in R&D management and in new product development in SMEs. Finally, it identifies the future

developed under network cooperation, especially for high-tech industries [20].

A small number of studies exclusively focused on the virtual R&D teams, for example [21-24] and none of them concentrated on the virtual R&D teams for NPD in SMEs. This paper summary the key findings of earlier works on different aspects of virtual R&D teams in SMEs and establishes it rationale in new product development (NPD). It highlights the gaps and weaknesses in the existing literature on virtual teams in R&D management and in new product development in SMEs. Finally, it identifies the future research directions in the area of concern.

2-Review search methodology

Collaborative R&D activities involving SMEs has wide coverage. It applies to various activities ranging from information exchange to new products development. This review article is based on dependable and reputed publications. It mainly covers aspects like SMEs characteristics, scope of virtual R&D teams and their relationship in new product development (NPD). The articles are



Skip

We **reports** the relevant result of an online survey study.



Approve

We **report** the relevant result of an online survey study.

Abstract—In this paper, we present our more than two years research experiences on virtual R&D teams in small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and draws conclusions, giving special attention to the structure of virtual teams required to support education-industry collaboration. We reports the relevant result of an online survey study. The online questionnaire was emailed by using the simple random sampling method to 947 manufacturing SMEs. The findings of this study show that SMEs in Malaysia and Iran are willing to use virtual teams for collaboration and the platform for industry-education collaboration is ready and distance between team members or differences in time zones, are not barriers to industry-education collaborations.

How do I avoid plagiarism?

- only hand in your own and original work.
- indicate precisely and accurately when you have used information provided by someone else, i.e. referencing must be done in accordance with a recognised system.
- indicate whether you have downloaded information from the Internet.
- never use someone else's electronic storage media, artwork, pictures or graphics as if it were your own.
- never copy directly without crediting the source
- do not translate without crediting the source
- do not paraphrase someone else's work without crediting the source
- do not piece together sections of the work of others into a new whole
- do not resubmit your own or other's previously graded work
- do not commit collusion (unauthorised collaboration, presenting work as one's own independent work, when it has been produced in whole or in part in collusion with other people)
- ghost-writing – you should not make use of ghost writers or professional agencies in the production of your work or submit material which has been written on your behalf

10 Major source of plagiarism

1. **Replication:** Submitting a paper to multiple publications in an attempt to get it published more than once
2. **Duplication:** Re-using work from one's own previous studies and papers without attribution
3. **Secondary Source:** Using a secondary source, but only citing the primary sources contained within the secondary one
4. **Misleading Attribution:** Removing an author's name, despite significant contributions; an inaccurate or insufficient list of authors who contributed to a manuscript
5. **Invalid Source:** Referencing either an incorrect or nonexistent source
6. **Paraphrasing:** Taking the words of another and using them alongside original text without attribution
7. **Repetitive Research:** Repeating data or text from a similar study with a similar methodology in a new study without proper attribution
8. **Unethical Collaboration:** Accidentally or intentionally use each other's written work without proper attribution; when people who are working together violate a code of conduct
9. **Verbatim:** copying of another's words and works without providing proper attribution, indentation or quotation marks
10. **Complete:** Taking a manuscript from another researcher and resubmitting it under one's own name

Source: [iThenticate \(2013\) SURVEY SUMMARY | Research Ethics: Decoding Plagiarism and Attribution in Research](#)

Penalty for Plagiarism

Outside of academia the problem of plagiarism continues to generate headlines and scandals for politicians. In Germany, two prominent cabinet members have been forced to step down due to allegations of plagiarism in their doctoral dissertations. Meanwhile, in Canada, the head of the nation's largest school district was forced to resign in the face of plagiarism allegations, and plagiarism scandals have also embroiled a senator in the Philippines, the prime minister of Romania, and several members of the Russian Duma.

Source: J. Bailey. "Defending Against Plagiarism, Publishers need to be proactive about detecting and deterring copied text.," 26 November; <http://www.the-scientist.com/?articles.view/articleNo/35677/title/Defending-Against-Plagiarism/>.

Penalty for Plagiarism



Potential user factors driving adoption of IPTV. What are customers expecting from IPTV?

Dong Hee Shin *

Pennsylvania State University, University Park, PA 16802, USA

Received 4 December 2005; received in revised form 1 May 2006; accepted 8 May 2006

Abstract

Internet Protocol Television (IPTV), the convergence of television and Internet, is being rapidly developed around the world. The advent of digital technologies has changed the convergence market dramatically with the wide diffusion of the convergent services. Using the Technology Acceptance Model as a conceptual framework and method of logistic regression, this research analyzes the demand for IPTV by drawing data from 452 consumers. Individuals' responses to questions about whether they accept IPTV are collected and combined with observations of their socio-economic status. Intrinsic/extrinsic factors modified from the Technology Acceptance Model. Results of logistic regression show two variables (intrinsic and extrinsic factors) that seem to explain what influences consumers' behavior towards adopting IPTV. Overall, the logistic regression model explains over 50% of the variance in IPTV adoption. The variances shed light on the multi-open platform environment that IPTV will forge.

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Keywords: IPTV; User analysis; Logistic model; South Korea

1. Introduction

Recent development of IT and media technologies have given a tremendous push toward the development of convergence services like Digital Multimedia Broadcasting (DMB) and IPTV (Internet Protocol Television). Korea has been taking a leadership role in developing not only IPTV, but also the

* Tel.: +1 610 396 6135; fax: +1 610 396 6024.
E-mail addresses: dshin@psu.edu, ds75@psu.edu.

Retraction: Retraction notice

It has been brought to the attention of the PLOS ONE editors that substantial parts of the text in this article were appropriated from text in the following publications:

Identification and biochemical characterization of small-molecule inhibitors of Clostridium botulinum neurotoxin serotype A.

Roxas-Duncan V, Enyedy I, Montgomery VA, Eccard VS, Carrington MA, Lai H, Gul N, Yang DC, Smith LA.

Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2009 Aug;53(8):3478-86

Eubanks LM, Hixon MS, Jin W, Hong S, Clancy CM, et al. (2007) An in vitro and in vivo disconnect uncovered through high-throughput identification of botulinum neurotoxin A antagonists. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 104: 2602–2607.

PLOS ONE therefore retracts this article due to the identified case of plagiarism. PLOS ONE apologizes to the authors of the publications above and to the readers. ([comment on this retraction](#))

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Electrochemical Study of Structural Effects in Complexation of Nano-baskets: Calix[4]-1,2-crown-3, -crown-4, -crown-5, -crown-6

Bahram Mokhtari and Kobra Pourabdollah

Razi Chemistry Research Center (RCRC), Shahreza Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shahreza-1, R-Iran

Eight nano-baskets of calix[4]arene-1,2-crown-3, -crown-4, -crown-5, -crown-6 were synthesized and their binding abilities towards alkali and alkaline earth metals as well as some lanthanides were studied using differential pulse voltammetry. The novelty of this study was investigation of macrocyclic complexes by voltammetric behaviors of two acidic moieties in each scaffold during complexation of crown ether ring. The results revealed that by increasing the binding ability of macrocycle and cation, the anodic oxidation peak of carboxylic acids was decreased. Moreover, the

calix[4]crowns lag far behind. Combining crown ethers with calix[4]arenes increases the cation binding ability of the parent calixarenes and control of the selectivity is obtained through modulation of the crown ether size. Attachment of proton ionizable groups to calixcrowns can further improve their extraction properties because the ionized group not only participates in metal ion coordination, but also eliminates the need to transfer aqueous phase anions into the organic phase. Ungaro et al.^[9] reported the first di-proton-ionizable calix[4]crown-5 in

Clinics

Hospital das Clinicas da Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de Sao
Paulo

THIS ARTICLE HAS BEEN RETRACTED. See Clinics (Sao Paulo). 2013
October; 68(10): 1382.

An overview of recently published medical papers in Brazilian scientific journals

Mauricio Rocha e Silva and Ariane Gomes

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Abstract

Full Length Research Paper

Computational study of environmental fate of ionic liquids using conductor-like screening model for real solvents (COSMO-RS) method

Zakari, A. Y., Waziri, S. M., Aderemi, B. O. and Mustapha, S. I.*

Department of Chemical Engineering, Ahmadu Bello University Zaria, Nigeria.

The COSMO-RS method is an advanced method for the quantitative calculation of solvation mixture thermodynamics based on quantum chemistry. It was developed by Andreas Klamt and is distributed as the software COSMOtherm by his company COSMOlogic (as well as in the form of several remakes by others).

Some Nigerian researchers have used the software (without a license) and report a tremendously and completely unbelievably good correlation ($r^2=0.992$) between the predicted results and experimental data for the logKow (octanol water partition coefficient) of ionic liquids.



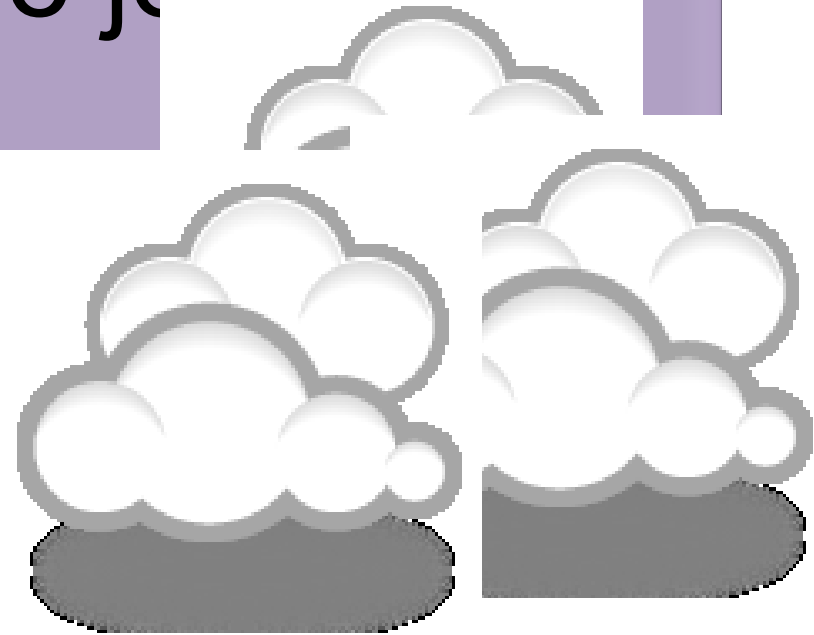
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*This article appears on the first page of results in Google for **false+memory+aged**.*

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Poorly Optimized Abstract:

False *Remembering in the Senior Population*

Researchers studying human **memory** have increasingly focused on its accuracy in senior populations. In this article we briefly review the literature on such accuracy in healthy older adults. The prevailing evidence indicates that, compared to younger adults, older adults exhibit both diminished accuracy and greater susceptibility to misinformation. In addition, older adults demonstrate high levels of confidence in their **false memories**. We suggest an explanatory framework for the high levels observed in older adults, a framework based on the theory that consciously controlled uses of **memory** decline in later life, making older adults more susceptible to **false memories** that rely on automatic processes. We also point to future research that may remedy such deficits in accuracy.

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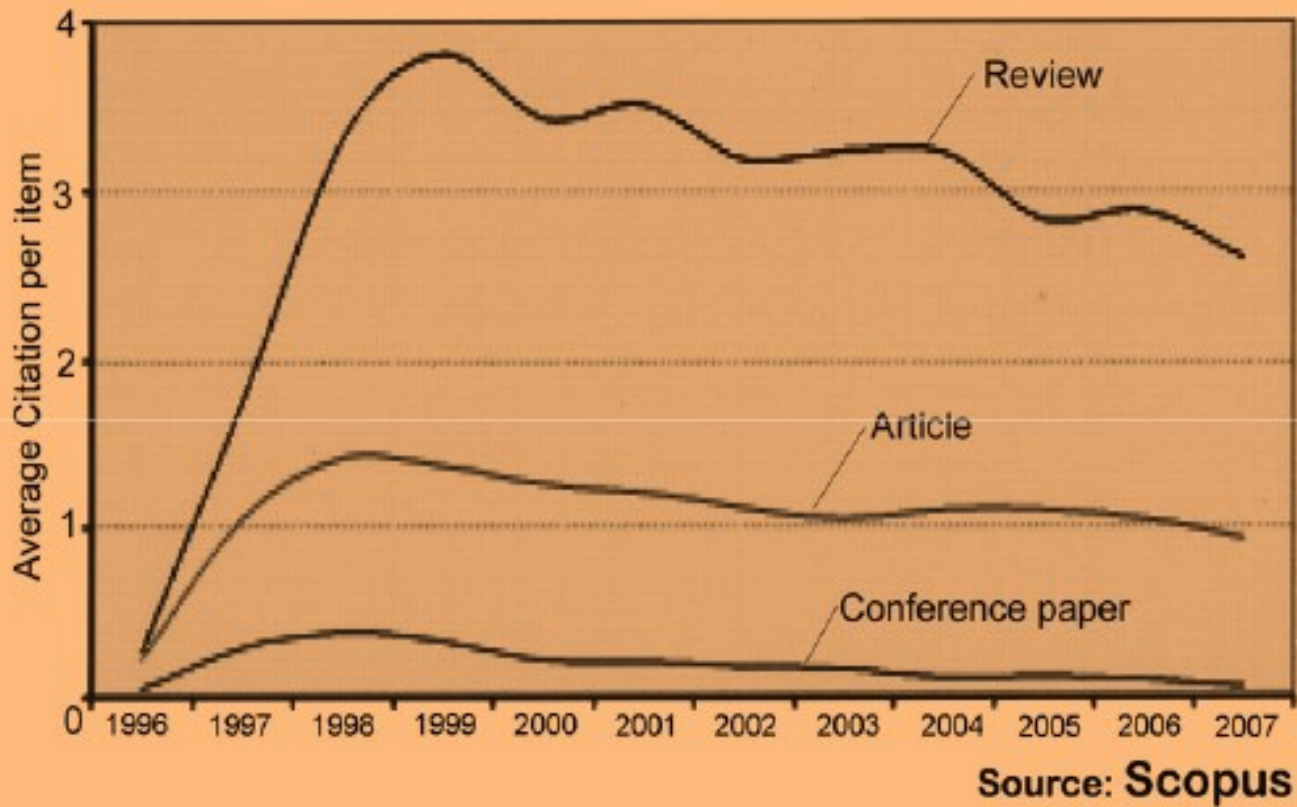
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News

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Citation analysis picks out new truth in Newton's aphorism that science 'stands on the shoulders of giants'.



The mass of medium-level research is less important for inspiring influential breakthroughs than the most highly-cited papers, a citation study argues.

Source: Corbyn, Z. (2010). [To be the best, cite the best. Nature 539. doi: doi:10.1038/news.2010.539](https://doi.org/10.1038/news.2010.539)

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- Citation analysis shows that papers with international co-authors are cited up to **four times** more often than those without international co-authors.

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- The most effective strategy to increase citation rates is publishing in a journal with higher impact factor ([Vanclay 2013](#)).
- [Dhawan and Gupta \(2005\)](#) studied 1101 papers and found that articles published in high impact factor journals increase the probability of getting cited.

Self-archive articles

- Free online availability increases a paper's impact ([Lawrence 2001](#));
- Freely accessible articles increase citations by 50% or more ([Harnad 2006](#)).
- [Gargouri et al. \(2010\)](#) have made a strong and a declarative link between self-archiving and increased citation performance.

Read more: Ale Ebrahim, N., Salehi, H., Embi, M. A., Habibi Tanha, F., Gholizadeh, H., Motahar, S. M., & Ordi, A. (2013). [Effective Strategies for Increasing Citation Frequency](#). *International Education Studies*, 6(11), 93-99. doi: 10.5539/ies.v6n11p93

Join academic social networking

- Increasing the availability of articles through social networking sites broadens dissemination, increases use, and enhances professional visibility.
- Academia is an online social reference tool that allows reference sharing among academics and researchers. Alternatively, researchers may use Citeulike to share their interests in research publications ([Wong 2008](#)). Academia, Citeulike, ResearchGate and LinkedIn are just a few examples of knowledge sharing tools to make others aware of research articles that may be of relevance to authors and hence get cited.

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Start blogging

- Use blogs and podcasts to leverage on-going researcher discussion on the Internet ([Taylor & Francis Group 2012a](#)).
- Web 2.0 tools such as wikis and blogs can be created to inform, describe and link people's research interests and publications ([Wong 2008](#)).

JohnRTurner_HPT_resource

This blog is intended to share information, discuss new research, and identify new trends within the Human Performance Technology (HPT) field. HPT is a multi-disciplinary practice that is influenced by a number of cognate disciplines: psychology, systems theory, education, economics, and sociology - to name only a few.

Tuesday, June 4, 2013

New Article Acceptance: Multiagent Systems as a Team Member

I have received notice that my article titled *Multiagent Systems as a Team Member* will be published by Common Ground Publishing in their journal: *The International Journal of Technology, Knowledge, and Society*. The web page for the journal follows: <http://ijt.cgpublisher.com>

No date as to when the article will be published but it should be this fall. Listed below is the abstract for the journal article to give those interested an indication of what the article is about.

Abstract


With the increasing complex business environment that organizations have to operate in today, teams are being utilized to complete complex tasks. Teams

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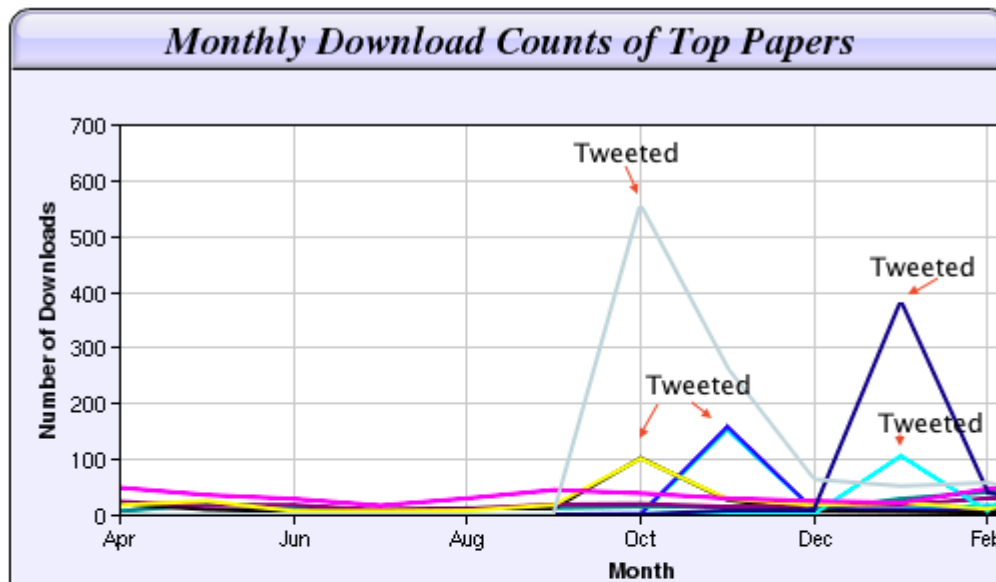
About Me



 John R. Turner

John R. Turner is a Doctoral Candidate at the University of North Texas in the applied technology and performance improvement (ATPI) program. He started his career in mechanical engineering where he was employed for 15 years. After leaving the engineering service industry, he completed a second bachelor's degree in psychology from the University of Arkansas at Little Rock, followed by a master's degree in human resource development from the University of Texas at Tyler. His research interests are in teams, team cognition, knowledge management, performance improvement, theory building, multilevel models, meta-analysis

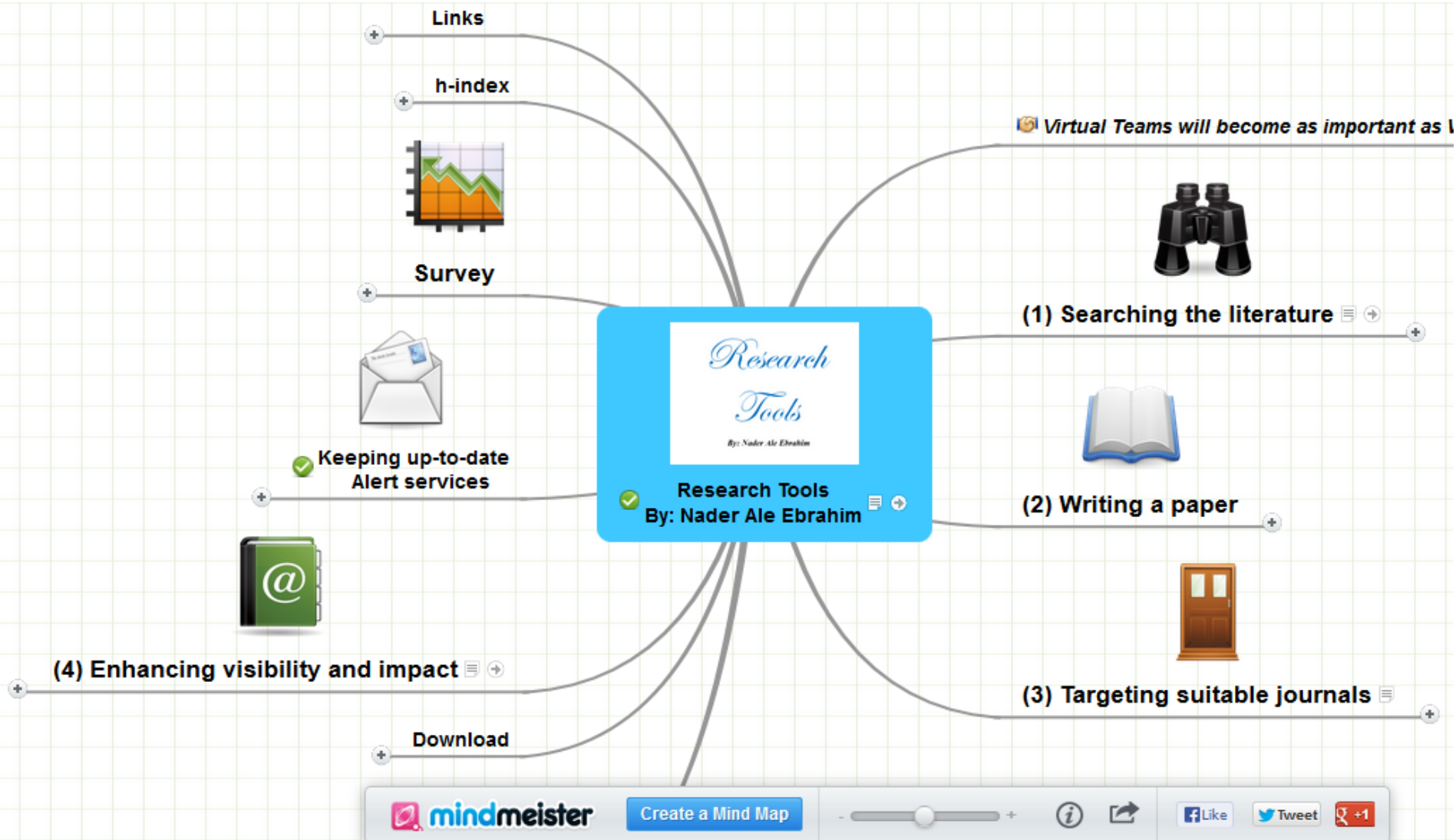
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According to Dr Melissa Terras from the University College London Centre for Digital Humanities, “If you tell people about your research, they look at it. Your research will get looked at more than papers which are not promoted via social media” (2012).

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- What do faculty and students really think about e-books? *Not me*
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 November 2015, Volume 105, Issue 2, pp 759-771

First online: 09 September 2015

Qualitative and quantitative analysis of solar hydrogen generation literature from 2001 to 2014

Mohammad Reza Maghami, Shahin navabi asi, Mohammad esmaeil Rezadad, Nader Ale Ebrahim, Chandima Gomes



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**JAPA In Press
 Physical Activity and Aging Research: A Bibliometric Analysis**

Section: Original Research

Authors: Andre Matthias Müller¹, Payam Ansari¹, Nader Ale Ebrahim², and Selina Khoo¹

Affiliations: ¹Sports Centre, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. ²Research Support Unit, Centre for Research Services, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Acceptance Date: November 18, 2015

DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1123/japa.2015-0188>

Abstract
 Physical activity and aging research has burgeoned in the past few decades. Despite the increase in scholarly publications no attempts have been made to summarize the publication landscape and to identify works that had great impact to physical activity and aging research. We conducted a bibliometric analysis and collected publication data from 1980 to February 6, 2015 in the Web of Science Core Collection. Of the overall 9,935 publications most were published after 2007 and almost 60% were in the category of Geriatrics and Gerontology or Sport Sciences. *Hinhiv cited*

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Major trends in knowledge management research: a bibliometric study

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Capa > v. 6, n. 3 (2015) > Shakiba

A Comprehensive Comparison of Educational Growth within Four Different Developing Countries between 1990 and 2012
 Masoud Shakiba, Nader Ale Ebrahim, Mahmoud Danaee, Kaveh Bakhtiyari, Elankovan Sundararajan

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