





Two Day Workshop on

The Effective Use of Research& Publication Tools and Resources

Two-day workshop on: Effective Use of Research & Publication

Tools and Resources - Part 1

Available online at:

http://figshare.com/articles/Effective_Use_of_Research_amp_Publication_Tools_and_Resources_Part_1/1155165

http://dx.doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.1155165

Nader Ale Ebrahim, PhD

www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009 http://scholar.google.com/citations

Abstract

With the increasing use of information and communications technology (ICT), researchers are able to use computer software tools to find, organize, analyze, and share relevant information. However, there are hundreds of such tools to select from, for various research-related uses. Nader has collected over 700 tools that can help researchers do their work efficiently. It is assembled as an interactive Web-based mind map, titled "Research Tools", which is updated periodically.

"Research Tools" consists of a hierarchical set of nodes. It has four main nodes: (1) Searching the literature, (2) Writing a paper, (3) Targeting suitable journals, and (4) Enhancing visibility and impact of the research. Several free tools can be found in the child nodes. In this seminar some tools and their application in research will be described. The e-skills learned from the seminar are useful across various research disciplines and research institutions.

Problem statements

The search can be time consuming and sometimes tedious task. How can make it easier? How do deal with situations such as:

- "I just join as a new postgraduate student and I am not sure how to do a literature search"
- "I have been in research for some time now but I spend a lot of time to get the articles I want"
- "I am sure I have downloaded the article but I am not able to find it"
- "I wanted to write a new paper, how can I manage the references in the shortest possible time?"
- "I have many references, some of my old papers, and some of my current research. Sometimes, they are so many that I can't recall where I have kept them in my folders!"
-
- "I have written an article and I am not able to find a proper Journal"
- "I want to increase the citation of my papers, how do I do?"

Objectives

The seminar seeks to serve the following objectives:

- i. To help students who seek to reduce the search time by expanding the knowledge of researchers to more effectively use the "tools" that are available through the Net.
- ii. To evaluate the types of literature that researchers will encounter.
- iii. To convert the information of the search for a written document.
- iv. To help researchers learn how to search and analyze the right journal to submit.
- v. To promote their publication for further citation.

Outline

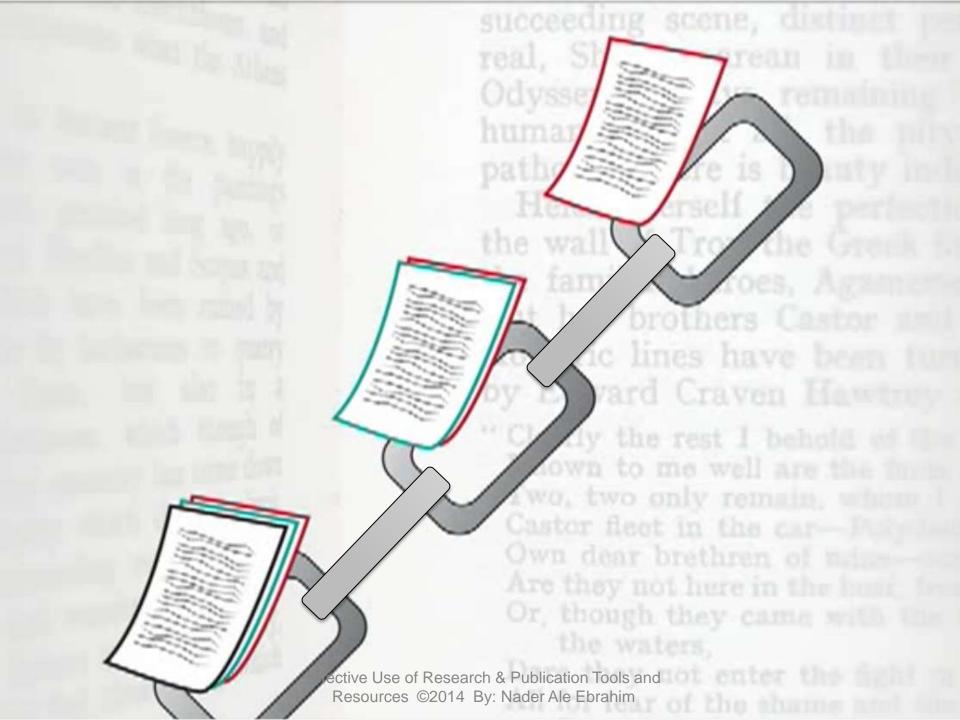
- 1. Introduce "Research Tools" Mind Map
- 2. Developing a search strategy
- 3. Finding keyword
- 4. Finding proper articles
- 5. Evaluate a paper/journal quality (The impact factor-Journal ranking)
- 6. To do an effective literature search
- 7. Keeping up-to-date (Alert system)
- 8. Mind mapping tools
- 9. How to read a paper
- 10.Q&A

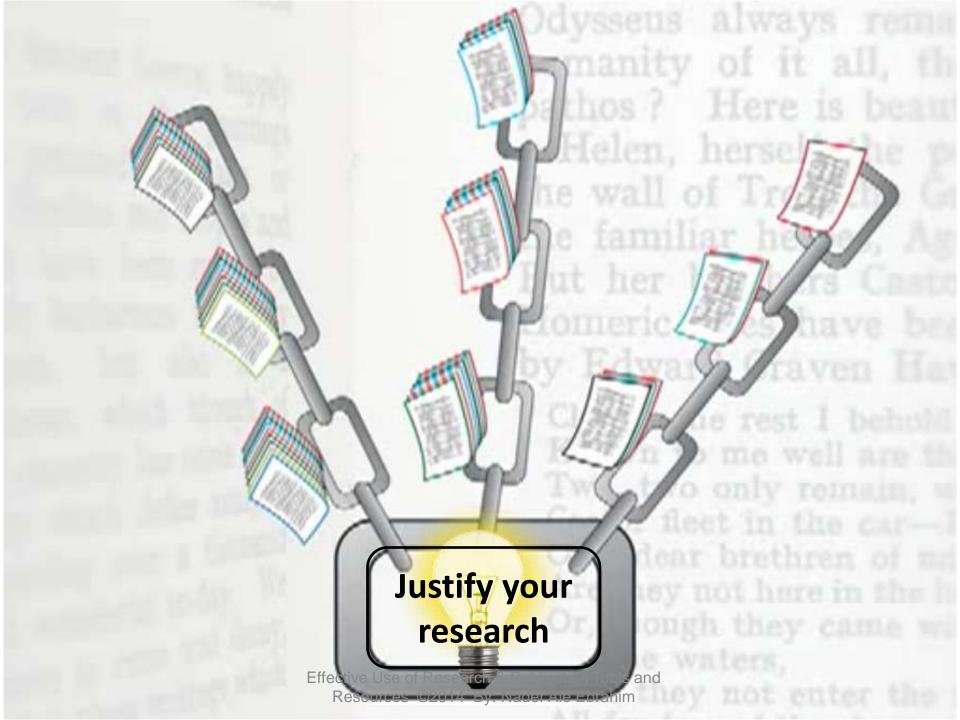
Research Tools Mind Map





Developing a search strategy, Finding keyword





The Systematic Review Process



Source: Adapted from Systematic Review

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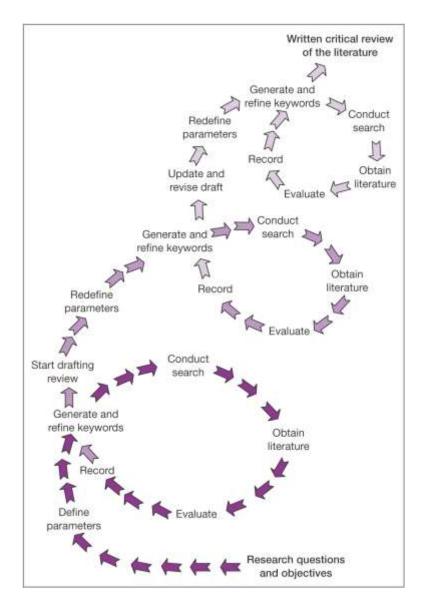
Planning the review

- Identification of the need for a review
- 2. Development of a review protocol. (The most important activity during protocol is to formulate the research question.)

Conducting the review

- 1. Identification of research
- 2. Selection of primary studies
- 3. Study quality assessment
- 4. Data extraction & monitoring
- 5. Data synthesis.





The literature review process

Effective searching

- » Developing a search strategy
 - » Searching the library catalogue
 - » Finding journal articles and papers
 - » Searching the Internet
 - » Other sources

Source: http://learnline.cdu.edu.au/myresearch/plan/searchstrategy.html

Developing a search strategy

- <u>» Defining the topic</u>
 - » Considering the scope of your topic
 - » Identifying the main or important aspects



- » Compiling a list of keywords
- » Developing your search strategy
- It is important to develop a search strategy to, not only, find the information you need but to also clarify your topic.

How to Find and Develop a Viable Research Topic?

Step One: Identify a Topic.

Step Two: Test Your Topic.

Test the main concepts or keywords in your topic by looking them up in the appropriate background sources or by using them as search terms.

If you are finding too much information and too many sources, narrow your topic by using the **and** operator

Finding too little information may indicate that you need to broaden your topic.

Keywords

Selecting keywords lead to get more citation.



MASTER KEYWORDS

LIST

Journal of International Business

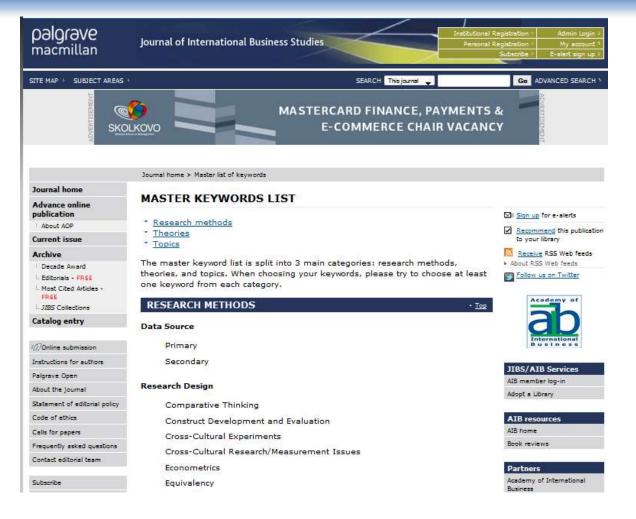
Studies



MeSH (Medical Subject Headings)

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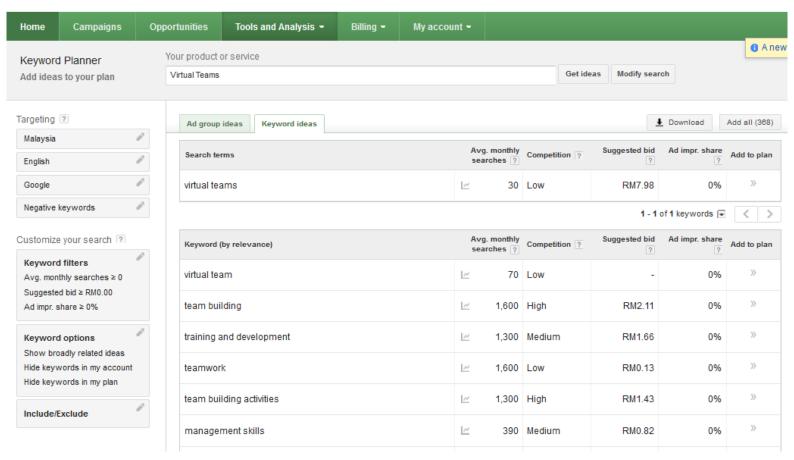
Master Keywords List



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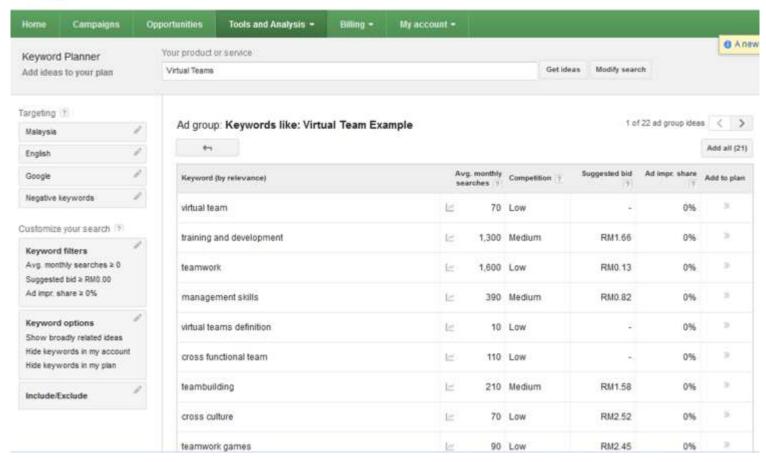
Google AdWords - Keyword Planner



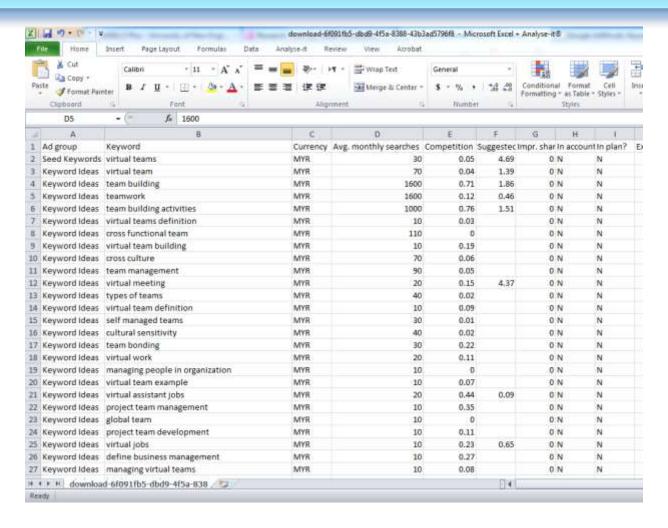


Google AdWords - Keyword Like





Google AdWords - Keyword Output



Keywords Plus

 KeyWords Plus® are index terms created by Thomson Reuters from significant, frequently occurring words in the titles of an article's cited references.

Source: http://images.webofknowledge.com/WOK46/help/WOS/h_fullrec.html

Keywords and Keywords Plus®

Authors sometimes provide a list of keywords or terms that they feel best represent the content of their paper. These keywords are contained in the ISI record (1991 data forward, depending on the database) for each article and are searchable. In addition, ISI generates KeyWords Plus for many articles. **KeyWords Plus** are words or phrases that frequently appear in the titles of an article's references, but do not necessarily appear in the title of the article itself. KeyWords Plus may be present for articles that have no author keywords, or may include important terms not listed among the title, abstract, or author keywords.

Source: http://wos.isitrial.com/help/helpdefs.html

KeyWords Plus- Example-1

- New Product Development in Virtual Environment (ISI Indexed)
- Author Keywords: New product Development;
 Virtual teams; Concurrent Collaboration; Review paper
- KeyWords Plus: DEVELOPMENT TEAMS;
 PERFORMANCE; TECHNOLOGY;
 KNOWLEDGE; COMMUNICATION;
 PERSPECTIVE; INTEGRATION; INNOVATION;
 NETWORK; WORKING

Key Words Selection

TABLE 1: Search phrases used

| Field | Search Strings |
|---------------|---|
| general/other | brain surgery – neurosurgery – hydrocephalus – peripheral nerve surgery |
| vascular | aneurysm surgery – arteriovenous malformation* – carotid endarterectomy – cavernous malformation – extracranial intracranial bypass – intracranial aneurysm* – [intracranial or intracerebral] and [hematoma or hemorrhage] – subarachnoid hemorrhage – vasospasm |
| tumor | brain tumor surgery – meningioma – glioblastoma* – glioma – meningioma – radiosurgery – radiotherapy |
| trauma | brain injury – coma – head injury – brain damage – spinal injury |
| functional | deep brain stimulation – epilepsy surgery – Parkinson's surgery – spinal cord stimulation – trigeminal neuralgia – stereotactic – stereotaxic – stereotaxy |
| spine | spine fusion – spine fixation – spine surgery – spinal surgery – spinal fusion – spinal fixation – [cervical or thoracic or lumbar] and [disc* or disk*] |

^{*} The asterisk was included in the search string as a wild card character. For example, the search "disc*" would return results for "discs" or "discectomy."

Source: Ponce, F. A., & Lozano, A. M. (2014). Highly cited works in neurosurgery. Part II: the citation classics A review (vol 112, pg 233, 2010). Journal Of Neurosurgery 120(5), 1252-1257. doi: 10.3171/2014.2.JNS14358a

Key Words Selection

Results: 26

(from Web of Science Core Collection)

You searched for:

TITLE: ("Envelope Design")

Timespan: All years. Indexes: SCI-EXPANDED, SSCI, A&HCI, CPCI-S, CPCI-SSH.

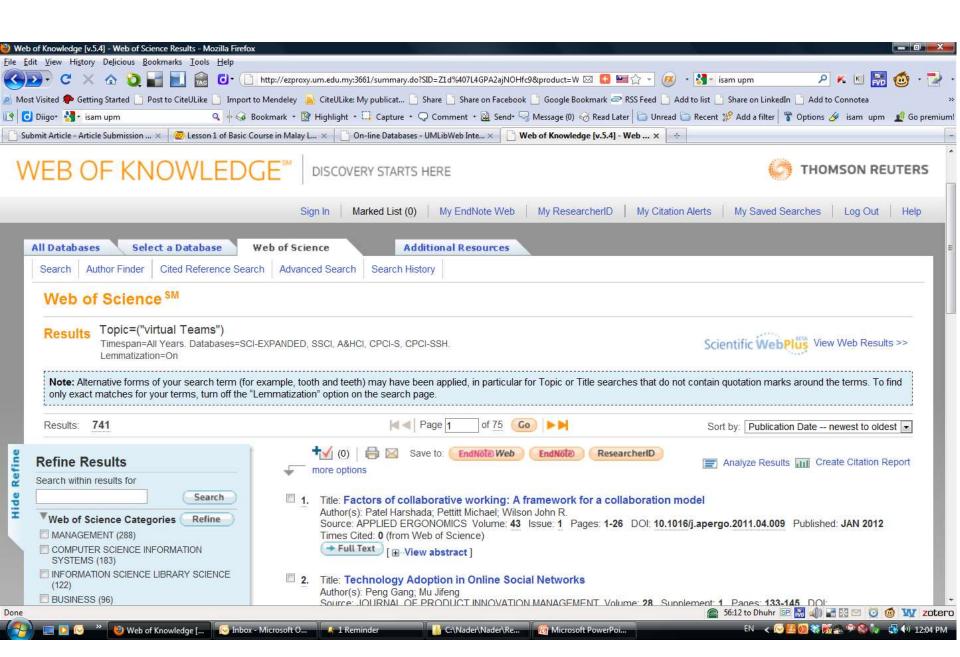
Results: 477

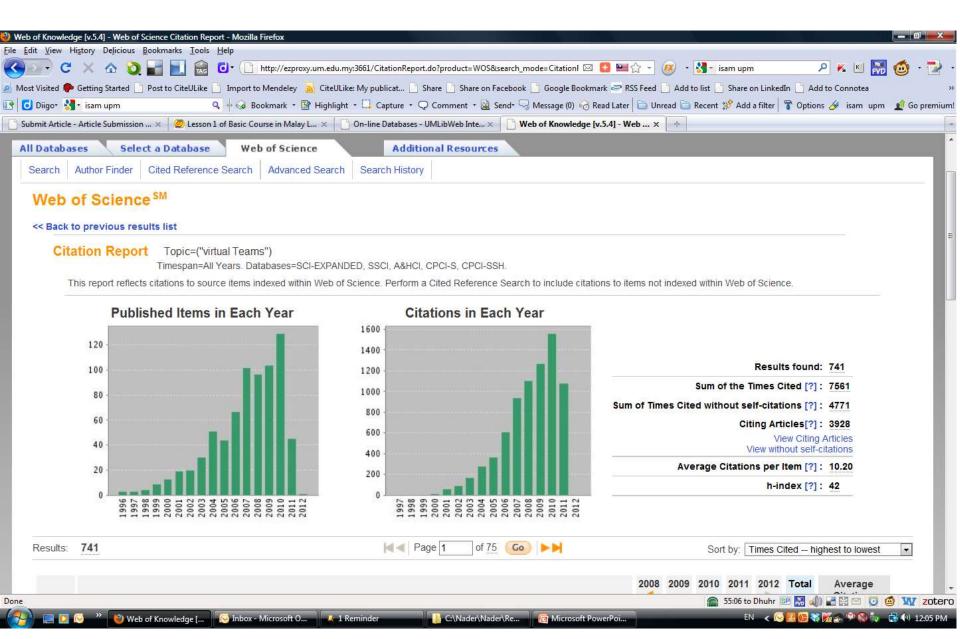
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

You searched for:

TITLE: (("efficiency envelope*") OR (envelope NEAR/5 building) OR (envelope NEAR/5 energy) OR ("envelope* energy* saving*") OR ("Envelope* System*") OR ("thermal* envelope*") OR ("Envelope* Design*"))

Timespan: All years. Indexes: SCI-EXPANDED, SSCI, A&HCI, CPCI-S, CPCI-SSH.









Research Quality Measures

Three key measures of research impact are:

- Quality of the journal journal rankings, impact factors
- 2. Quality of the publication/article = times cited as found in tools like Web of Science, Scopus and Google Scholar
- 3. Personal or departmental measure = *h*-index

Critically Analyzing Information Sources

1- Initial Appraisal:

Author

Date of Publication

Edition or Revision

Publisher

Title of Journal (Distinguishing Scholarly Journals from other Periodicals)

2- Content Analysis:

Intended Audience

Objective Reasoning

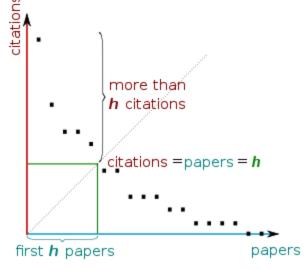
Coverage

Writing Style

Evaluative Reviews

h-index (Jorge E. Hirsch)

A scientist has index h if h of [his/her]
 N_p papers have at least h citations each, and the other (N_p - h) papers have at most h citations each.



H-index from a plot of decreasing citations for numbered papers

A scientist has index h if h of his/her Np papers have at least h citations each, and the other (Np-h) papers have no more than h citations each.

As an example, a researcher with an H-index of 15 has (of their total number of publications) 15 papers which have been cited at least 15 times each.

| Researcher | Α | Researcher | В |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Paper rank | Citations | Paper rank | Citations |
| 1 | 10 | 1 | 1348 |
| 2 | 8 | 2 | 159 |
| 3 | 6 | 3 | 50 |
| 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| 6 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

Neither researcher can have an H-index of more than 6.

Source: http://guides.is.uwa.edu.au/content.php?pid=372347&sid=3050052

Table 2: Publication and citation list of scientist S1

| Rank (squared) - Publications | Citations | Sum |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| 1 (1) A | 20 | 20 |
| 2 (4) B | 10 | 30 |
| 3 (9) C | 9 | 39 |
| 4 (16) D | 8 | 47 |
| 5 (25) E | 6 | 53 |
| 6 (36) F | 6 | 59 |
| 7 (49) G | 6 | 65 |
| 8 (64) H | 5 | 70 |
| 9 (81) I | 5 | 75 |

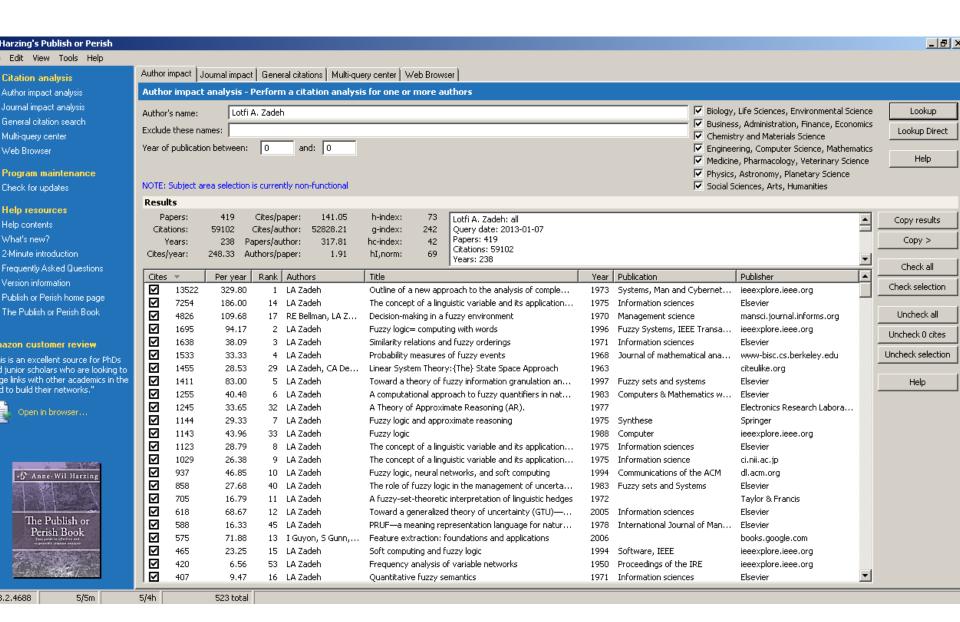
Source: Rousseau, Ronald. "New developments related to the Hirsch index." (2006).

Publish or Perish

Publish or Perish is a free program that retrieves citations from Google Scholar and allows users to calculate:

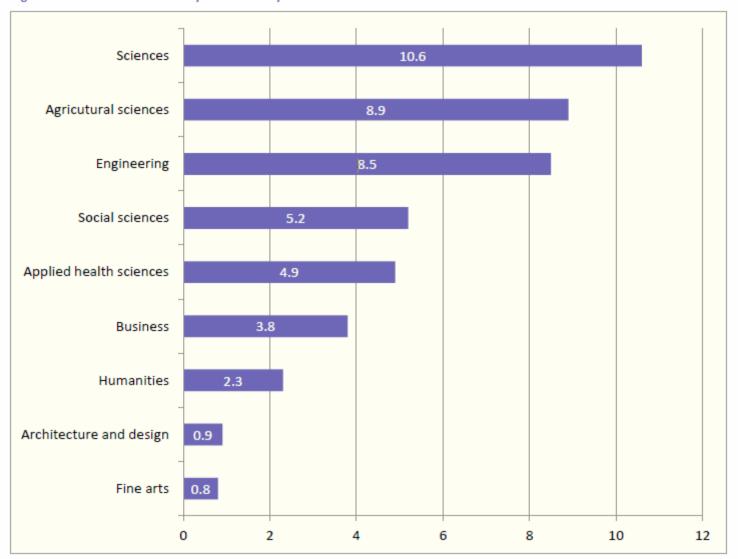
- Total number of papers
- Total number of citations
- Average number of citations per paper
- Average number of citations per author
- Average number of papers per author
- Average number of citations per year
- Hirsch's h-index and related parameters
- The contemporary h-index
- The age-weighted citation rate
- Two variations of individual h-indices
- An analysis of the number of authors per paper

Source: http://guides.library.vu.edu.au/content.php?pid=251876&sid=2079929

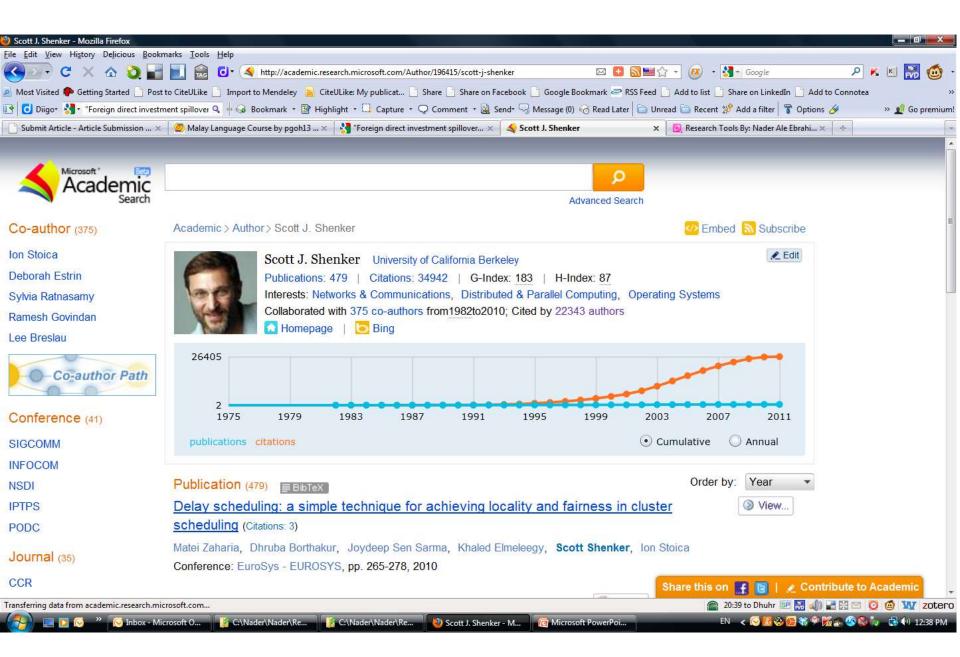


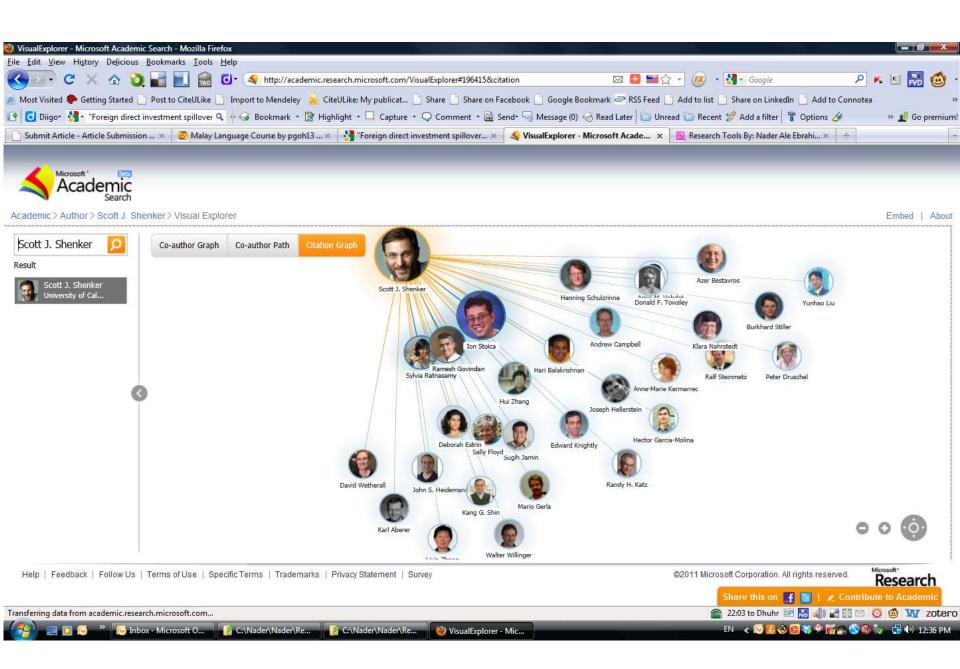
| ∭ Harzing's Publish or Perish | | | | | | | | | | | | _ & × | |
|---|-------------------|---|-----------------|--|---|---|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|--|
| File Edit View Tools Help | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ▼ Citation analysis | Author | Author impact Journal impact General citations Multi-query center Web Browser | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Author impact analysis | Gene | General citation search - Perform a general citation search | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Journal impact analysis | | 0. thor/clu | | | | | | | | | Biology, Life Sciences, Environmental Science | | |
| General citation search | Author(s): | | | | | | | | | ■ Business, Administration | | | |
| Multi-guery center | Publica | Publication: | | | | | | | | ✓ Chemistry and Materials | Lookup Direct | | |
| Web Browser | All of t | the words: | | | | | | | | | ▼ Engineering, Computer Science, Mathematics | | |
| | Any of the words: | | s: | | | | | | | Medicine, Pharmacology | Help | | |
| ▼ Program maintenance | None | of the word | de: | | | | | | | Physics, Astronomy, Planetary Science | | | |
| Check for updates | | | | | | | | | | Social Sciences, Arts, Humanities | | | |
| ▼ Help resources | The ph | | | analysis of complex systems and decision processes | | | | | | NOTE: Subject area selection is currently non-functional | | | |
| Help contents | Year o | Year of publication between: 0 and: 0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| What's new? | Resu | ılts | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-Minute introduction | P | apers: | 1000 | | | | | analysis of complex systems and decision processes: | all | _ | | Copy results | |
| Frequently Asked Questions | | | | 1 12 1 12 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Version information | | Years: 42 Papers/author: 562.97 hc-index: 56 Papers: 1000 Citations: 151557 | | | | | | | | | | Copy > | |
| Publish or Perish home page | Cites | Cites/year: 3608.50 Authors/paper: 2.24 hI,norm: 97 Years: 42 | | | | | | | | | | Check all | |
| The Publish or Perish Book | Cites | s = | Per year | Rank Authors | | Title | | | Year | Publication | Publisher 🔺 | Check all | |
| This is abliant of it clish book | Ø | 39481 | 4386.78 | 4 L Zadeh | | From Comput | ting with | Numbers to Computing with Words—from Man | 2005 | Logic, Thought and Action | Springer | Check selection | |
| TI BUEL BOLD | ☑ | 13522 | 329.80 | 1 LA Zadeh | | Outline of a r | new app | roach to the analysis of complex systems and | 1973 | Systems, Man and Cybernet | ieeexplore.ieee. | | |
| The Publish or Perish Book | | 7254 | 186.00 | 8 LA Zadeh | | The concept | of a ling | uistic variable and its application to approximat | 1975 | Information sciences | Elsevier | Uncheck all | |
| Want to know more about citation analysis across disciplines? The | | 6829 | 325.19 | 127 JSR Jang | | ANFIS: Adaptive-network-based fuzzy inference system | | | | Systems, Man and Cybernet | | Uncheck 0 cites | |
| Publish or Perish book reviews the | | 6178 | 181.71 | 111 D DuBois, H | | • | • | ems: theory and applications | 1980 | | books.google.cc | Dealer de este de | |
| evidence. | | 3520 | 90.26 | 12 EH Mamdan | An experiment in linguistic synthesis with a fuzzy logic controller Fuzzy logic with engineering applications Application of fuzzy algorithms for control of simple dynamic plant Fuzzy logic= computing with words | | | 2009 1974 | International journal of man | Elsevier books.google.cc ieeexplore.ieee. ieeexplore.ieee. | Uncheck selection | | |
| More about this book | | 3162 2838 | 632.40 70.95 | 811 TJ Ross 9 EH Mamdan | | | | | Engineers, Proceedings o | | Help 1 | | |
| | | 2636 1695 | 70.95 94.17 | 271 LA Zadeh | | | | | Fuzzy Systems, IEEE Transa | | неір | | |
| | | 1535 | 80.79 | 345 JSR Jang, (| T Sun | Neuro-fuzzy | | - | 1995 | Proceedings of the IEEE | ieeexplore.ieee. | | |
| | | 1143 | 43.96 | 166 LA Zadeh | | Fuzzy logic | | 3 | 1988 | Computer | ieeexplore.ieee. | | |
| | | 891 | 38.74 | 424 S Keshav | 424 S Keshav | | A control-theoretic approach to flow control | | | • | dl.acm.org | | |
| 45 Anne-Wil Harzing | ☑ | 858 | 27.68 | 30 LA Zadeh | | The role of fu | uzzy logi | ic in the management of uncertainty in expert s | 1983 | Fuzzy sets and Systems | Elsevier | | |
| | | 820 | 23.43 | 3 58 TJ Procyk, EH Mam | | A linguistic self-organizing process controller | | | 1979 | Automatica | Elsevier | | |
| | | 774 | 48.38 | 132 S Loncaric | | A survey of shape analysis techniques | | | 1998 1993 | Pattern recognition | · · | | |
| The Publish or | | 767 | 36.52 | 14 JSR Jang, C | T Sun | Functional equivalence between radial basis function networks and | | Neural Networks, IEEE Tran | | | | | |
| Perish Book | | 762 | 26.28 | 26 M Sugeno | | An introductory survey of fuzzy control | | | | Information sciences | Elsevier | | |
| | | 639 | 16.82 | 7 HJ Zimmerm | ann | | | nization of fuzzy systems | 1976 | T-C | Taylor & Francis | | |
| | | 618 | 68.67 | 84 LA Zadeh | - 1 | | | d theory of uncertainty (GTU)—an outline | 2005 | Information sciences | Elsevier | | |
| | 4 | | | | | | | | | | F | | |

Figure 1: Mean H-index Scores by Field of Study

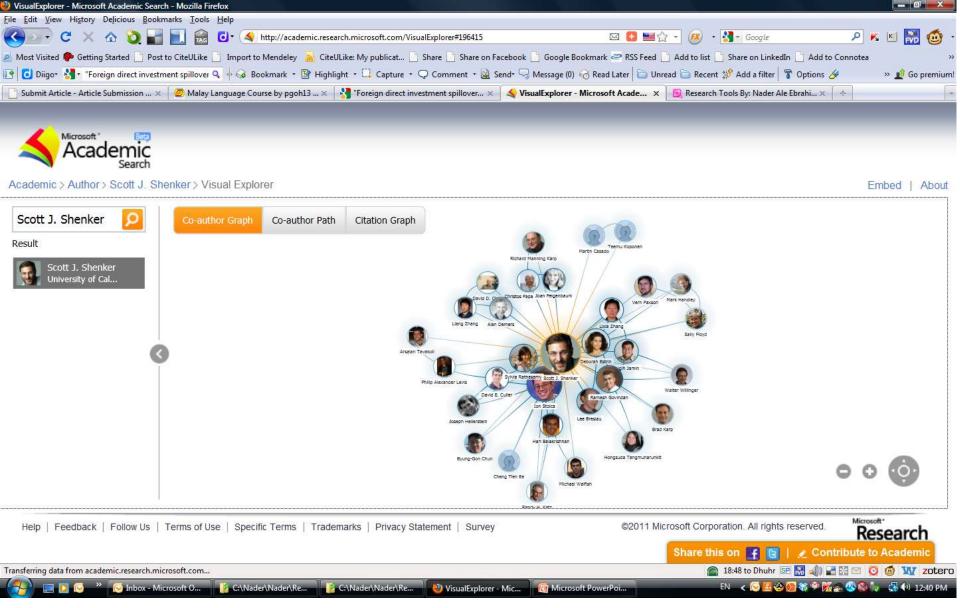


Source: Making Research Count: Analyzing Canadian Academic Publishing Cultures





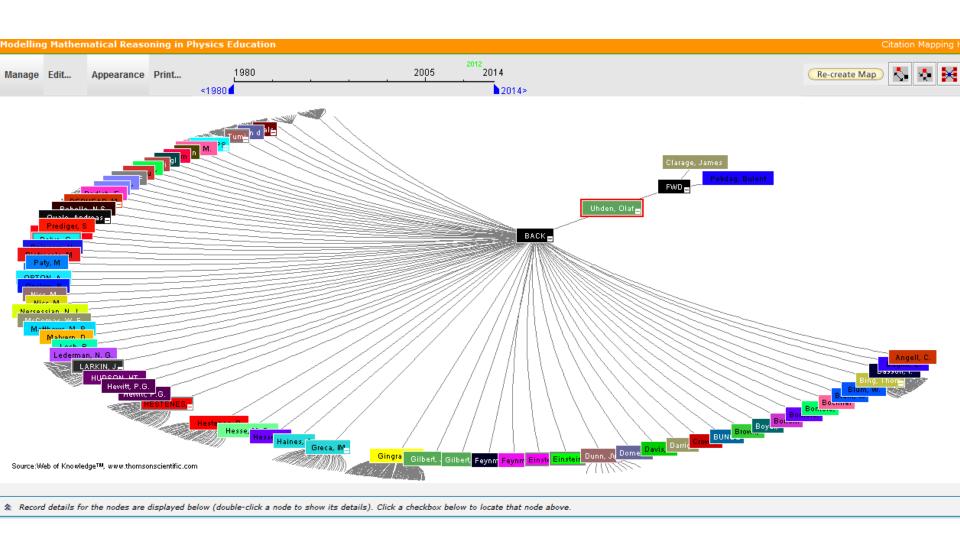
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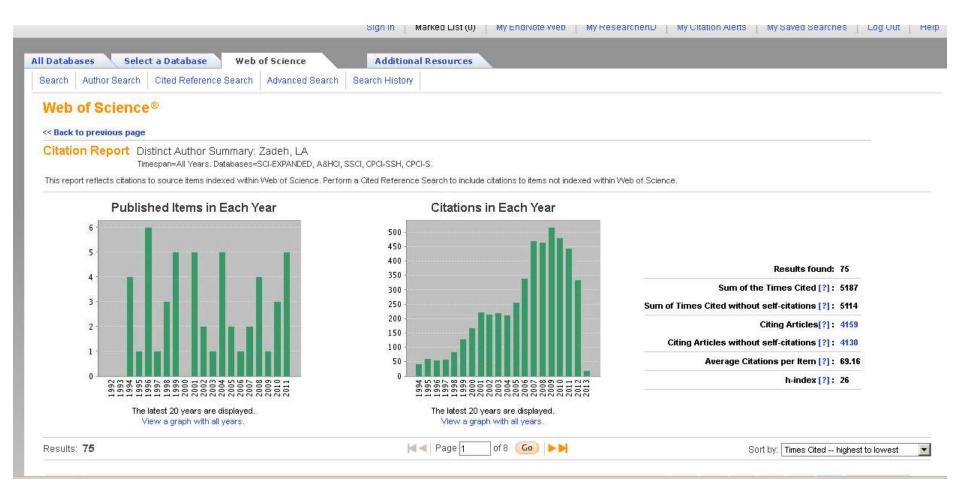


Web of Science

 Web of Science® is perhaps the most wellknown tool for determining the number of times a publication has been cited.

- Web of Science® is made up of three citation indexes owned by Thomson Scientific:
 - Science Citation Index ®
 - Social Sciences Citation Index ®
 - Arts & Humanities Citation Index ®.









Do an effective literature search

Paper/journal quality

- Another guide to paper/journal quality is the general reputation of the association, society, or organization publishing the journal.
- Leading professional associations such as American Psychological Association (APA) or the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) publish a range of journals that are highly regarded.

Web application to calculate the single publication h index

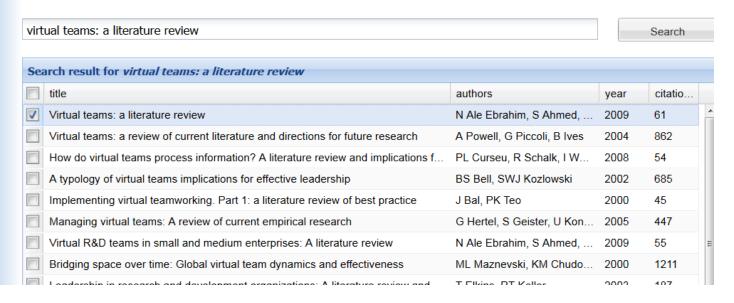


Web application to calculate the single publication h index

(and further metrics) based on Google Scholar

by Andreas Thor (University of Leipzig, Germany) and Lutz Bornmann (Max Planck Society, Germany)

- Search Google Scholar
- Select one publication (you may additionally select duplicates)



The single publication h index has been introduced by Schubert (2009) as the h-index calculated from the list of citing publications of one single publication.

Source: http://labs.dbs.uni-leipzig.de/gsh/

For More Info.

How to do an Effective Literature Search?

Application Training Module Series I by Customer Education Team

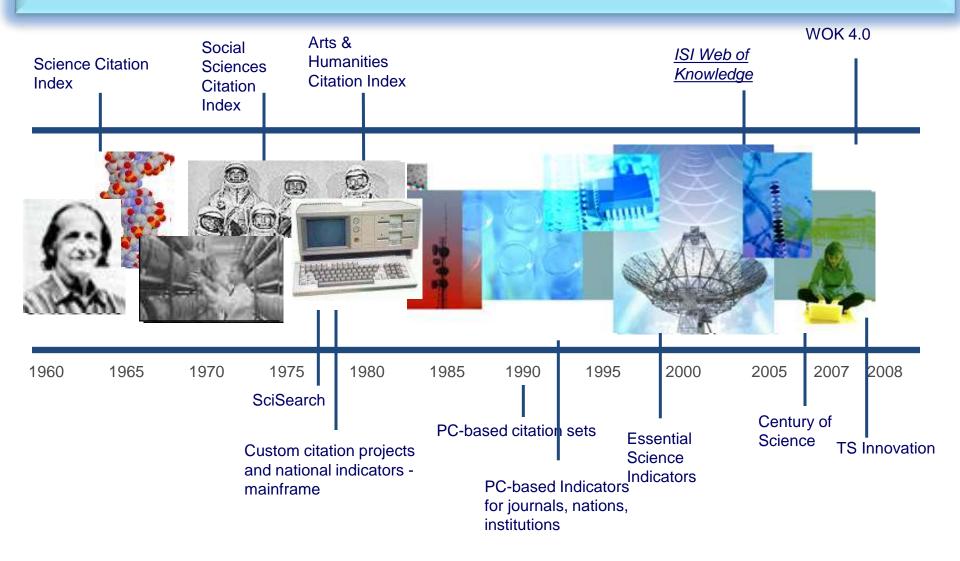
ts.training.asia@thomson.com



The Institute for Scientific Information (ISI)

- The Institute for Scientific Information (ISI) was founded by <u>Eugene</u>
 <u>Garfield</u> in 1960. It was acquired by <u>Thomson Scientific & Healthcare</u> in 1992, became known as **Thomson ISI** and now is part of the Healthcare & Science business of the multi-billion dollar <u>Thomson Reuters Corporation</u>.
- ISI offered <u>bibliographic database</u> services. Its speciality: <u>citation indexing</u> and analysis, a field pioneered by Garfield. It maintains citation databases covering thousands of <u>academic journals</u>, including a continuation of its long time print-based indexing service the <u>Science Citation Index</u> (SCI), as well as the <u>Social Sciences Citation Index</u> (SSCI), and the <u>Arts and Humanities</u> <u>Citation Index</u> (AHCI). All of these are available via ISI's <u>Web of Knowledge</u> database service.

Thomson Reuters (formerly ISI) has been the authority on citation data for over 50 years.



Eugene Garfield, Ph.D.



Founder & Chairman Emeritus
Institute for Scientific Information (ISI)

For more Info

The Institute for Scientific Information (ISI)

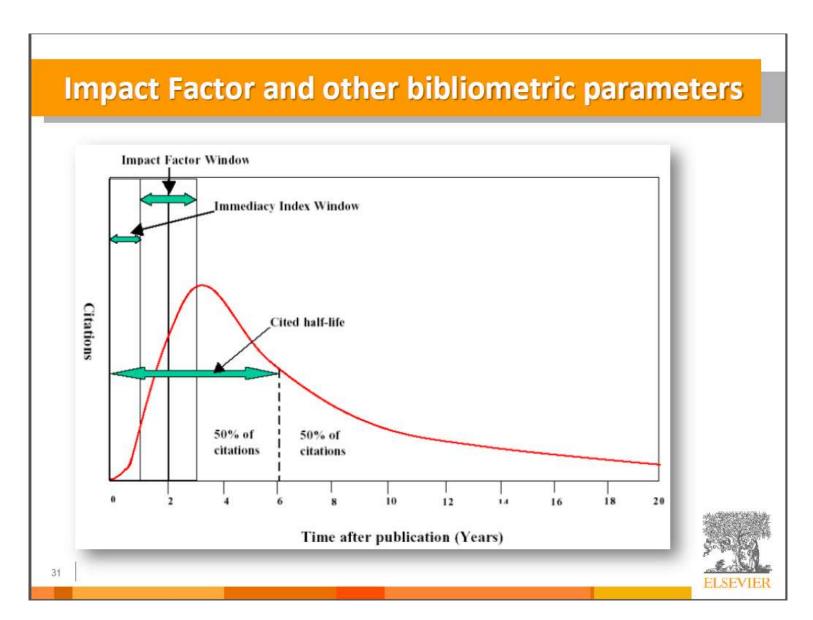
The ISI also publishes annual <u>Journal Citation Reports</u> which list an <u>impact</u> <u>factor</u> for each of the journals that it tracks. Within the scientific community, journal impact factors play a large but controversial role in determining the kudos attached to a scientist's published research record.

A FAST AND EFFICIENT SEARCH FOR A BETTER DISCOVERY EXPERIENCE

Thomson Reuters (formerly ISI)
Web of Knowledge is today's
premier research platform for
information in the sciences,
social sciences, arts, and
humanities.

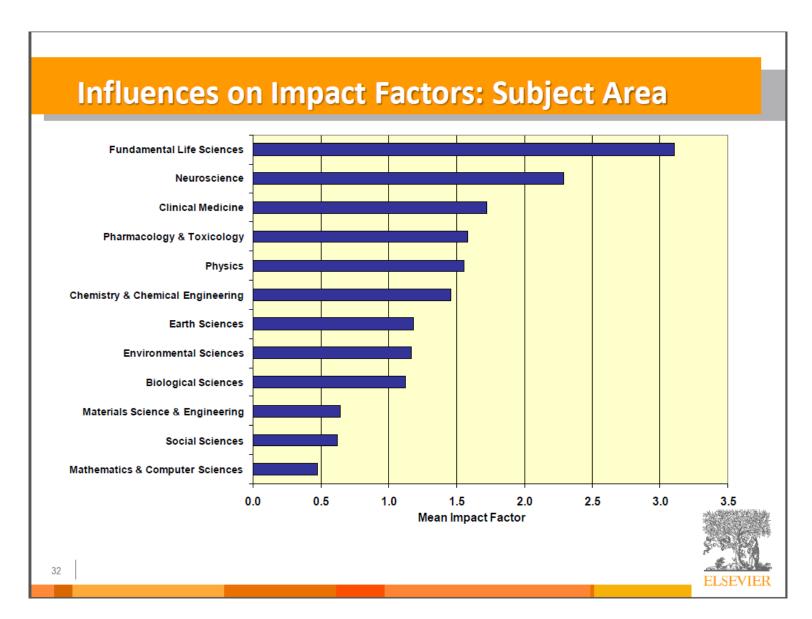
Impact Factor

 The most commonly used measure of journal quality is Impact Factor. This is a number which attempts to measure the impact of a journal in terms of its influence on the academic community. Impact Factors are published by Thomson-ISI



Impact Factor-Journal Ranking

- Relative impact factors are often a better guide to the importance of a journal than raw numbers. JCR allows you to compare the impact factors of different journals in the same subject area
- The Economic History Review has an impact factor of 1.051. At first glance, it would appear that this journal is relatively unimportant. In fact, it is arguably the premier Englishlanguage journal in its field (its major competitor, the Journal of Economic History Review, has an even lower impact factor: a mere 0.529!). Far more illuminating is the journal's relatively high impact factor compared to other journals in the history of the social sciences. Economic History Review ranks first out of 15 journals in the Thomson-ISI's list of journals in this subdiscipline.



What are journal impact factors?

Impact factors are a measure of the "quality" of a journal - they identify the most frequently cited journals in a field.

Impact factors can be used to:

identify journals in which to publish

identify journals relevant to your research

confirm the status of journals in which you have published

The Impact factor formula

The impact factor of a journal is based on the average number of times that articles published in that journal in the two previous years (e.g. 2008 and 2009) were cited in the subsequent year (i.e. 2010). This is calculated using the following formula:

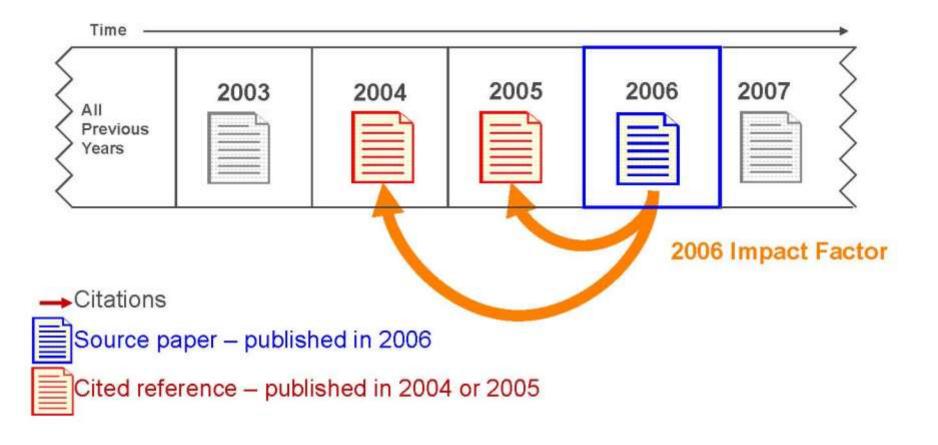
Cites in 2010 to items published in 2008 and 2009
 Number of items published in 2008 and 2009

If an impact factor is lower than 1.0 that means there were more articles published in the journal than there were cites to those articles in any given year.

Source: http://guides.library.vu.edu.au/content.php?pid=251876&sid=2437240

Be aware that...

- Many journals do not have an impact factor (sources other than JCR need to be consulted).
- The impact factor cannot assess the quality of individual articles.
- Only research articles, technical notes and reviews are "citable" items. Editorials, letters, news items and meeting abstracts are "non-citable items".



The average number of citations in 2006 to scholarly material that was published in the prior two years



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF PRODUCTION RESEARCH **Impact Factor in 2008**

Cites in 2008 to items published in:

2007 = 144 Number of items published in:

2007 = 278

2006 = 280

2006 = 270

Sum: 424 Sum: 548

Calculation:

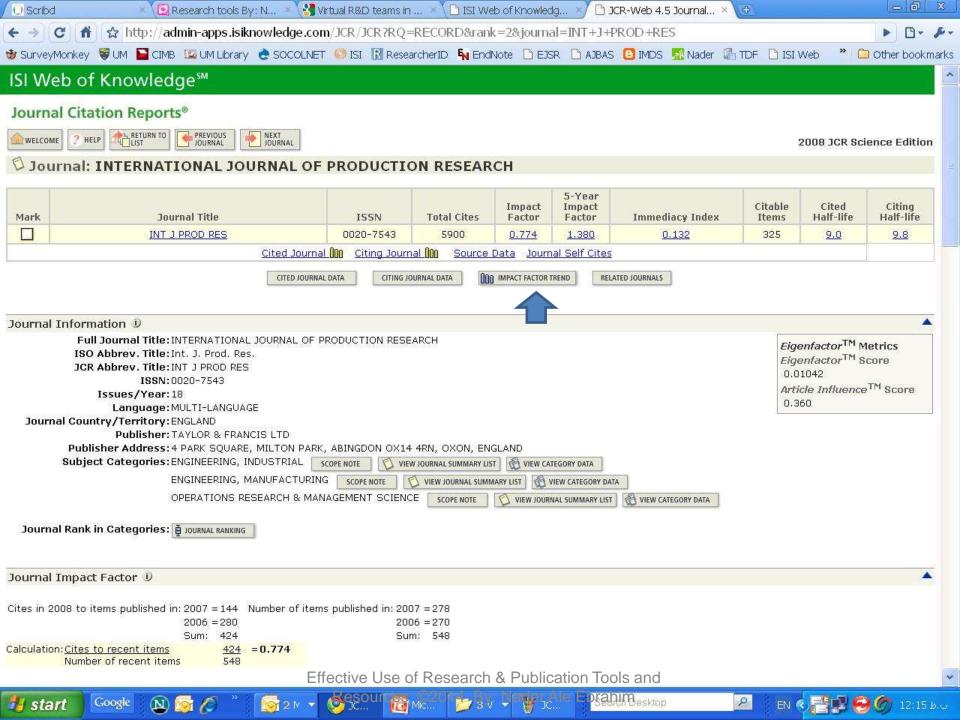
Cites to recent items

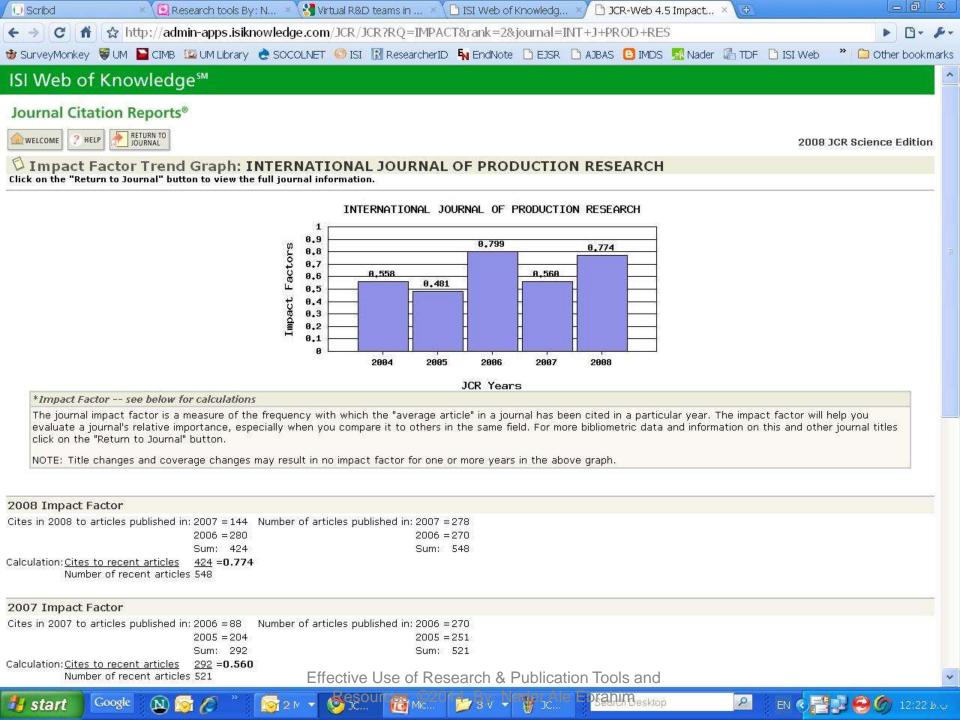
<u>424</u>

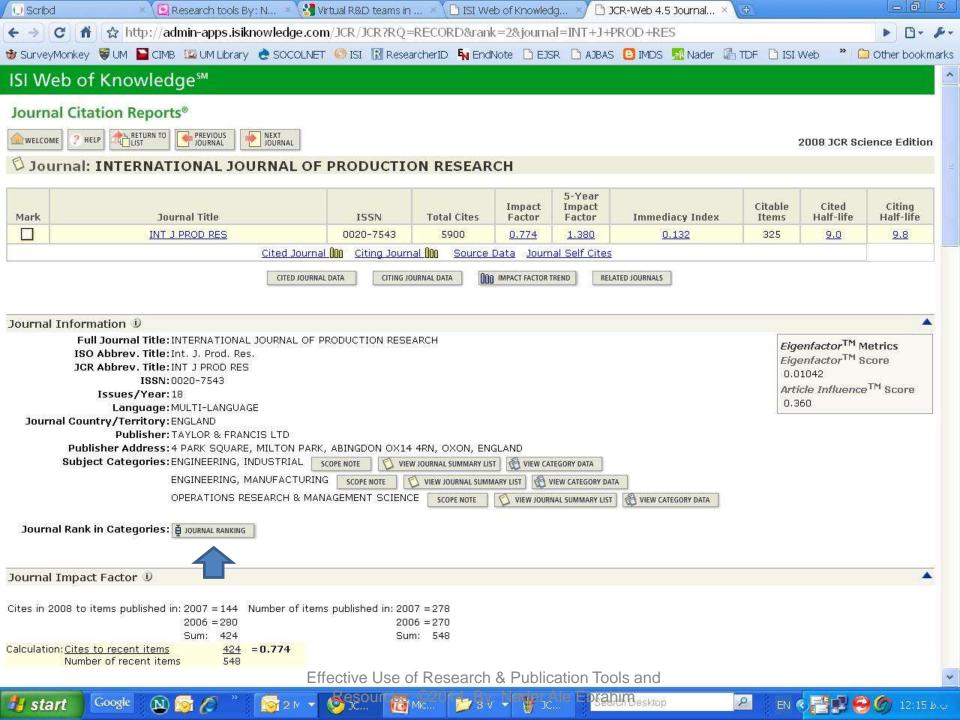
0.774

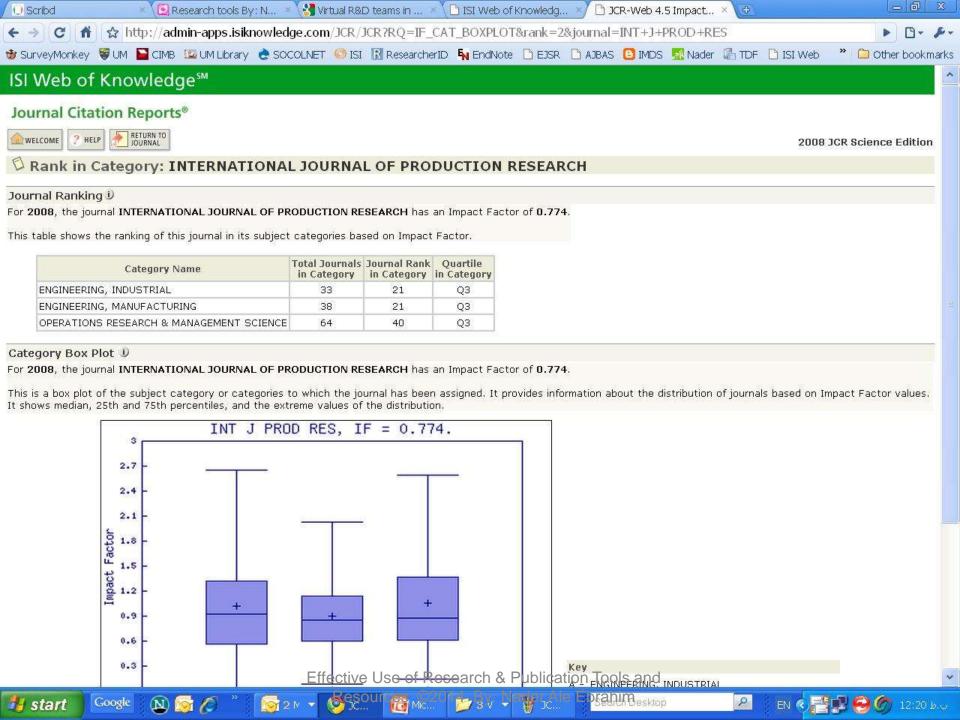
Number of recent items

548



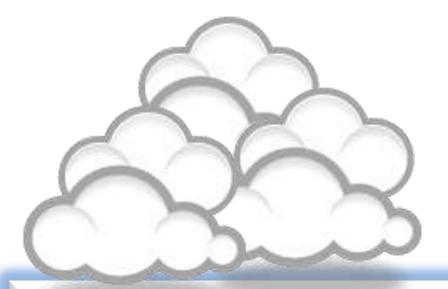












Keeping up-to-date (Alert system)

Keeping up-to-date

Alert services are an effective means of keeping track of the latest research.

What is an alert service?

- Many journal databases and book publishers offer free a services. These are an effective means of keeping track of the latest research.
- Alert services come in different forms. The most common include:
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Why subscribe to an alert service?

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... Page 10. Narrow the area of research ©2011 Nader Ale **Ebrahim** SMEs NPD **Virtual Teams** R&D R&D and NPD SMEs and **Virtual Teams** R&D and Distributed **Teams** SMEs and R&D Focus of the **literature Review** SMEs, **Virtual** R&D **teams** and NPD NPD and Virtuality ...

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Example - 2

Document Citation Alert: 2 new results

Document Citation Alert for:

Ebrahim, N.A., Ahmed, S., Taha, Z.

Innovation and R&D activities in virtual team

(2009) European Journal of Scientific Research, 34 (3) pp. 297-307. Cited 2 times.

Access all new results in Scopus for this Document Citation Alert.

In the table below, you can see the **2 new results** for this Document Citation Alert. Results: 2

- 1. <u>A collaborative model of engineering education for complex global environments</u>
 Qiu, R.G., 2010, *Proceedings Frontiers in Education Conference, FIE*, art. no. 5673356, pp. S3J1-S3J5.
- 2. University role in the development of future high-tech engineers

Ilas, M., 2010, 2010 IEEE 16th International Symposium for Design and Technology of Electronics Packages, SIITME 2010, art. no. 5650869, pp. 327-330.



Search Alert: 2 new results

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| 1 Critical factors for new product developments in SMEs virtual team | Ebrahim, N.A., Ahmed, S., Taha, Z. | 2010 | African Journal of Business Management, 4 (11) pp. 2247-2257. | 0 |
| Virtual R&D teams and SMEs growth: A 2.comparative study between Iranian and Malaysian SMEs | Ebrahim, N.A., Ahmed, S., Taha, Z. | 2010 | African Journal of Business Management, 4 (11) pp. 2368-2379. | 0 |

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1 new result for "Virtual R&D teams"

Virtual R&D Teams for NPD in SMEs

ALE EBRAHIM, N., AHMED, S. & TAHA, Z. (2008). **Virtual R&D Teams** for NPD in SMEs: Past, Present and Future Trend. In: APCMOTTE2008 (Asia pacific Conference ... www.wepapers.com/.../Virtual R&D Teams for NPD in SM...

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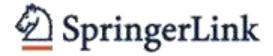














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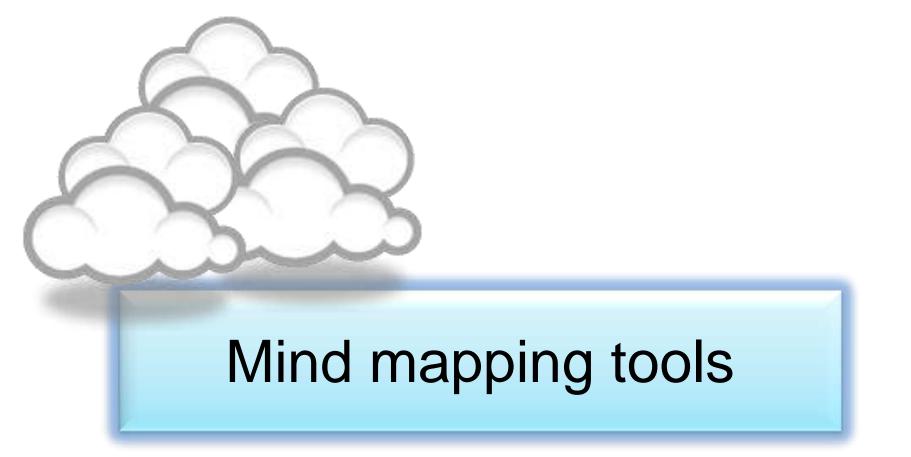


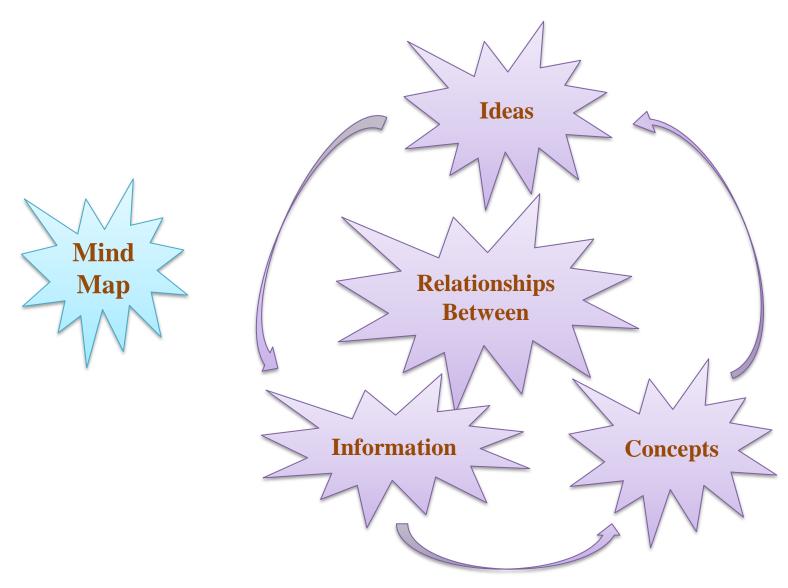


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Mind Map Tools







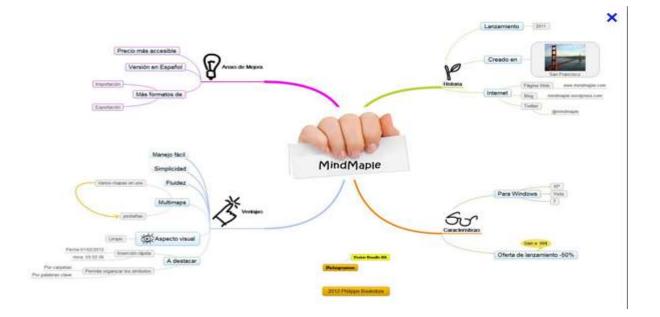


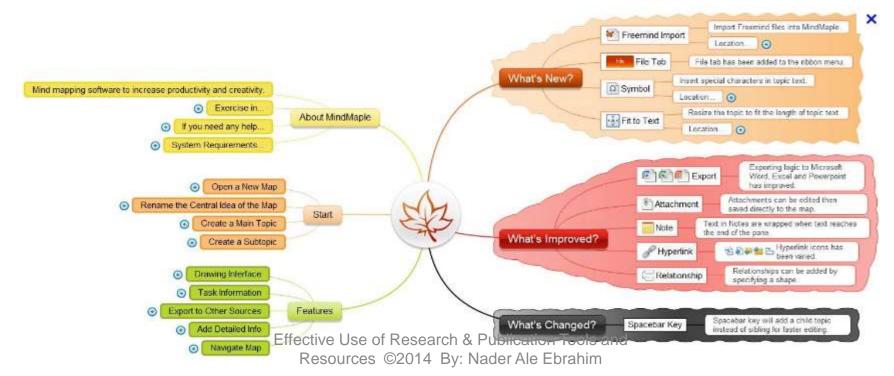




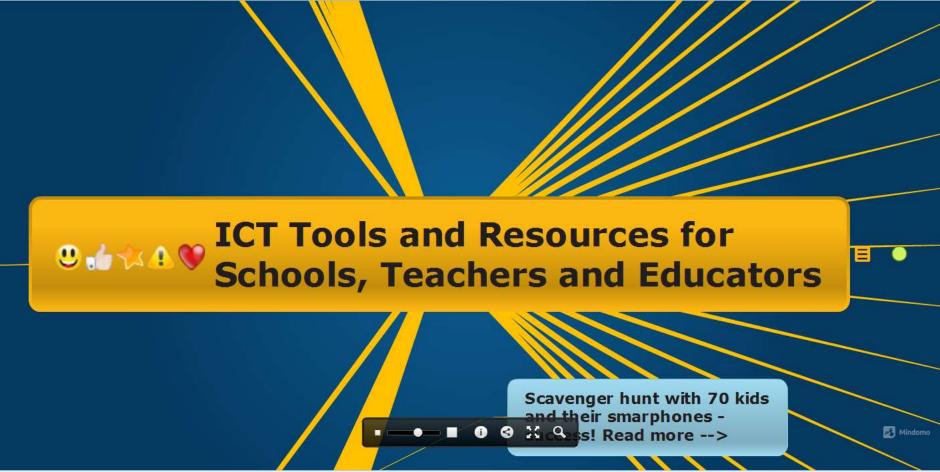
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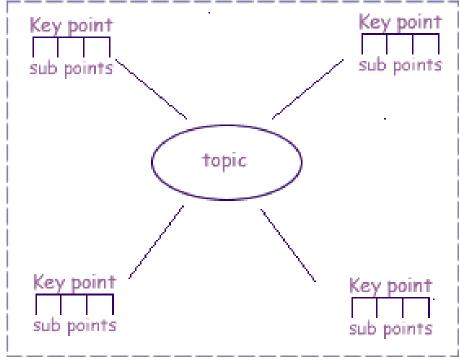




Structure & planning your writing - MindMaps

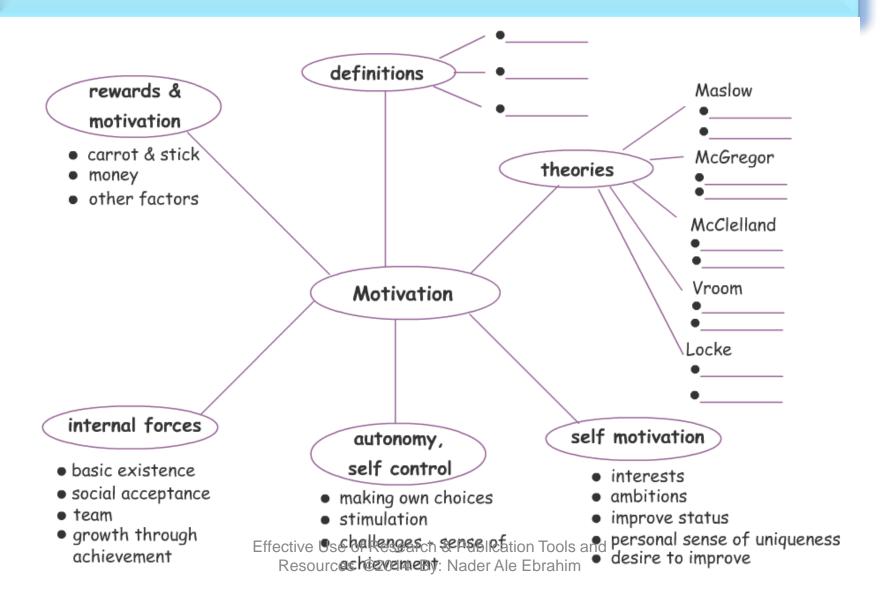
MindMaps are a visual map to link and organise key concepts of your research. They also show links and relationships between ideas. Sometimes it is a good idea to number key ideas in the order that you are going to place them in your literature review.

Example



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Example of a MindMap



A Literature Map, Hierarchical Design

Study Abroad

Programs

Literature Map

The Need for Teaching Programs to Be Culturally Responsive

Bennet, 1995; Eastman & Smith, 1991; Grant, 1994; Noel, 1995

Possible Improvements

Martin & Rohrlich, 1991 Stachowski, 1991

Attitudes Toward Study Abroad

King & Young, 1994

Personal Insights of Preservice Teachers

Friesen, Kang, & McDougall, 1995; Mahan & Stachowski, 1991 U.S. Programs

Personal Insights of Preservice Teachers

Cockrell, Placier, Cockrell & Middleton, 1999; Goodwin, 1997; Kea & Bacon, 1999

Predominantly English Speaking Cultures

Mahan & Stachowski, 1990; Quinn, Barr, McKay, Jarchow, & Powell, 1995; Vall & Tennison, 1992 Need for Further Study: Non-English Speaking Cultures

Question: Do short-term study abroad programs in non-English speaking cultures help create cultural responsiveness in preservice teachers? Conventional Programs

Colville-Hall, Macdonald, & Smolen, 1995; Rodriguez & Sjostrom, 1995; Vavrus, 1994 Cross-Cultural Programs

Cooper, Beare, & Thorman, 1990; Larke, Wiseman, & Bradley, 1990

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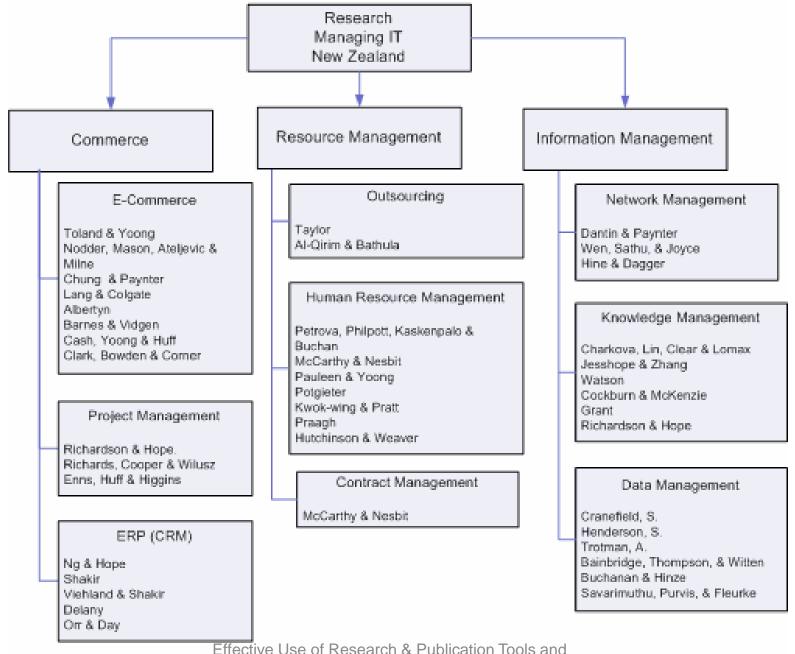
A Literature Map, Circular Design Need for Further Study: Non-English Speaking Cultures Question: "Do short-term study abroad programs in non-English speaking cultures help create cultural responsiveness in preservice teachers?" Study Abroad U.S. Programs **Programs** Personal Insights of Preservice Personal Insights of Teachers (Cockrell, Placier, Preservice Teachers Cockrell, & Milleton, 1999) (Friesen, Kang, & McDougall, 1995) Attitudes Toward Conventional Programs Study Abroad (Colville-Hall, Macdonald, & (King & Young, 1994) Smolen, 1995) Predominantly English Speaking Cultures Cross-Cultural Programs (Mahan & Stachowski, 1990) (Cooper, Beare, & Thorman, 1990)

Effective Use of Research & Publication Tools and



Source: Ross' PhD Literature Review Mind Map

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How to Read a Paper

THE THREE-PASS APPROACH

1-The first pass

The first pass is a quick scan to get a bird's-eye view of the paper. You can also decide whether you need to do any more passes. This pass should take about five to ten minutes and consists of the following steps:

- 1. Carefully read the title, abstract, and introduction
- 2. Read the section and sub-section headings, but ignore everything else
- 3. Read the conclusions
- 4. Glance over the references, mentally ticking off the ones you've already read.

Source: Keshav, S. (2007). How to read a paper. ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, 37(3), 83-84.

THE THREE-PASS APPROACH

1- The second pass

In the second pass, read the paper with greater care, but ignore details such as proofs. It helps to jot down the key points, or to make comments in the margins, as you read. The second pass should take up to an hour. You should be able to summarize the main idea of the paper, with supporting evidence, to someone else.

- 1. Look carefully at the figures, diagrams and other illustrations in the paper. Pay special attention to graphs.
- 2. Remember to mark relevant unread references for further reading (this is a good way to learn more about the background of the paper).

THE THREE-PASS APPROACH

1- The third pass

To fully understand a paper, particularly if you are reviewer, requires a third pass. The key to the third pass is to attempt to virtually re-implement the paper: that is, making the same assumptions as the authors, re-create the work. By comparing this re-creation with the actual paper, you can easily identify not only a paper's innovations, but also its hidden failings and assumptions.

This pass can take about four or five hours for beginners, and about an hour for an experienced reader.



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Thank you!

Nader Ale Ebrahim, PhD

www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009 http://scholar.google.com/citations

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