## What is CFD?

- CFD is the simulation of fluids engineering systems using modeling (mathematical physical problem formulation) and numerical methods (discretization methods, solvers, numerical parameters, and grid generations, etc.)
- Historically only Analytical Fluid Dynamics (AFD) and Experimental Fluid Dynamics (EFD).
- CFD made possible by the advent of digital computer and advancing with improvements of computer resources

# Why use CFD?

Analysis and Design

Simulation-based design instead of "build & test" More cost effective and more rapid than EFD CFD provides high-fidelity database for diagnosing flow field

Simulation of physical fluid phenomena that are difficult to experiments

Full scale simulations (e.g., ships and airplanes) Environmental effects (wind, weather, etc.) Hazards (e.g., explosions, radiation, pollution) Physics (e g planetary boundary layer) ‰

• Knowledge and exploration of flow physics

## Where is CFD used?

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- Aerospace
- Automotive
- Biomedical
- Chemical Processing
- HVAC
- Hydraulics
- Marine
- Oil & Gas
- Power Generation
- Sports



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Polymerization reactor vessel - prediction of flow separation and residence time effects.

structure

Scour downstream of a flood control

Streamlines for workstation

ventilation

marries by Faithing

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### **Commercial software**

The market is currently dominated by four codes:



### Non-Commercial CFD Software

- There are also non-commercial CFD software. One of the best non-commercial software is OpenFOAM.
- The OpenFOAM® (Open Field Operation and Manipulation) CFD Toolbox is a free, open source CFD software package.
- OpenFOAM has an extensive range of features to solve anything from complex fluid flows involving chemical reactions, turbulence and heat transfer, to two-phase flows, solid dynamics and electromagnetics.

## Advantages of CFD over EFD

- Substantial reduction of lead times and costs of new designs.
- Ability to study systems where controlled experiments are difficult or impossible to perform (e.g. very large systems).
- Ability to study systems under hazardous conditions at and beyond their normal performance limits (e.g. safety studies and accident scenarios).
- Practically unlimited level of detail of results.

### How does a CFD code work?

