				7/1
سری سوال: یک ۱	تشریحی: .	ُزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۹۰		داد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحى:
				سُ ـــوان درس: اصول وروش تحقید * تعمل / کدد •
		، وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۶	بان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۸۲ – ، زبان	شته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی ز
1-If one or two requirements method is called		perimental metho	d are not met or deli	berately ignored, the
1. non-experimental		2	post-experimental	
3. pre-experimental		4	true-experimental	
2-A distinct characteristic of make about v	1970		of research is to enab	le the researcher to
1. randomization		2	· casual statements	
3. placebo treatment		4	· internal validity	
3-The method in which the t		is introduced and	reintroduced betwee	en every other pretest
1. equivalent time-series	•	2	· quasi experimental	
3. intact group study			· instrumentation bia	S
	bla inara			
4-If the magnitude of a varia is a correlation				riable decreases, there
1. positive	^{2.} absolu	ite 3	· relative	^{4.} negative
5-In any research,	effect is	s caused by the los	s of subjects during t	he experiment.
1. maturation	^{2.} avoida	ance 3	· mortality	^{4.} ceiling
6-One of the uses of longitud	dinal stud	lies is that they ca	n serve p	ourposes as well.
1. confirmatory	^{2.} descrip	ptive 3	· exploratory	^{4.} causal
7-Variables such as knowled calledvariable		iness, and motivat	ion that cannot be di	rectly measured are
1. abstract	^{2.} concre	ete 3	· discrete	4. continuous
8-Variables that cannot be d ranked using a(n)		definite operation	al terms and cannot l	be easily measured are
1. interval	^{2.} nomin	al 3	· ordinal	^{4.} ratio
9-Attributes of people or objects that are selected, defined, operationalized, and assigned certain functions in different research projects are called				
	2. scales		variables	4. ratios
10-A variable is inclu	ıded in th	ne research to mod	lify the relationship b	etween the

independent and the dependent variable.

1. moderator

2. control

4. intervening

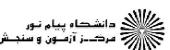
^{3.} functional



سری سوال: یک ۱	تشريحي: .	ىون (دقيقه) : تستى : ٩٠	زم ا ن آزه	٠: د	تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠٪ تشريح.
				عقيق ١	عنـــوان درس: اصول وروش تح
)	ادبیات انگلیسی۲۱۲۲۶	۱۲۱۱ – ، زبان و	ی زبان انگلیسی ۲۰۸۳	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجم
11-The function of a variable	is determ	ined by the rese	archer and	d the	
1. participants			2. profici	encies	
3. research method			4. contro	l group	
12-Avoiding the inadequacies	s of previo	ous research is or	ne of the g	goals of	
1. research method			2. alterna	ative hypothesis	į
^{3.} review of literature			4. organiz	zing the materia	als
13-Due to abundance of mate topics, and key studies. The					key authors, key
1. the most relevant			2. the mo	ost accessible	
^{3.} the oldest			4. the ne	west	
14-The purpose of arelationship between two			acteristic	s of a variable o	or to determine the
 indirect question 			2. display	question	
3. theory question			4. researc	ch question	
15-The extent to which the cl independent variable cons	and the second second second			- market - market - and the second a	tions of the
 internal validity 	2. extern	al validity	^{3.} history	effect	4. selection effect
16-Most researchers adminis groups of research.	ter a	to check the	initial dif	ferences existir	ng between the
1. posttest	2. pretes	t	3. class in	nterval	4. cross validation
17-The term refers to	o the proc	edures employe	d in order	to answer the	research questions.
1. government publication	n		2. review	of literature	
3. method			4. hypoth		
18-What is the last step in co	nducting a	a research?			
 selecting an appropriat 	•		2. prepar	ing a research r	eport
3. data analysis			4. data co	. - .	-,
19-A person's likes or dislikes	towards	a particular lang	uage or sp	eakers of a lan	guage is referred to as
1. attitude	^{2.} motiva	ation	3. anxiety	y	^{4.} inhibition



سری س وال: یک ۱	ن (دقیقه) : تستی : . ۹ تشریحی : .	زمان ازمور	ىداد سوالات: تستى : 30 گشريحى : .
			عنـــوان درس: اصول وروش تحقیق ۱
	بیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۲۶	نگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۸۳ – ، زبان واد	ر شته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان ا
20-Which of the following is	NOT a characteristic of a	good research quest	ion?
1. Interest	2. Relevance	^{3.} Manageability	4. Interference
21-The term in rescharacteristics in a given		enomena do not cha	nge their basic
1. reductive	2. constancy	3. generative	^{4.} explanatory
22-In any research a	usually states a relation	ship between two or	more factors.
1. survey	2. method	3. measurement	4. hypothesis
23-Which of the following is language learning and te		ors which can be use	d in a research about
1. Process	2. Motivation	^{3.} Attitude	4. Inhibition
24-Avoiding the mere duplic	cation of previous research	n is one of the goals o	of
 hypothesis 		2. research method	d
3. conclusion		4. literature review	1
25-Which of the following is factors?	NOT among the four maj	or methods of studyi	ng the interrelations of
1. Causal-Comparative s	tudies	2. Public opinion s	urveys
3. Field studies		4. Correlational stu	dies
26-The most common type	of quasi-experimental met	thod is known as	studies.
1. time-series	2. correlational	^{3.} field	^{4.} comparative
27-Interrelation method is a	subcategory of	methods of study.	
1. experimental	^{2.} correlational	3. descriptive	^{4.} casual
28-The extent to which the	outcome of research would	d apply to other simi	lar situations is called
 internal validity 	2. face validity	3. content validity	^{4.} external validity
29-The two methods of inve	stigating the development	t of a phenomenon a	re and
1. longitudinal-ex-post-f	acto	2. longitudinal-cros	ss sectional
3. cross sectional-point s	sampling	4. ex-post facto-po	int sampling



1+:٣+	ت ارساسی	🥌 مردــز آزمـون و سنجـش
سری سوال: یک ۱	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۹۰ تشری ح ی : .	تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠٠ تشريحى: .
		عنـــوان درس: اصول وروش تحقيق ١
	ىي ۱۲۱۲۰۸۳ – ، زبان وادبيات انگليسي ۱۲۱۲۲۶	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیس
30-The method in which the	e researcher appears on the scene after the ts is called	events have occurred and has
1. ex-post-facto	2. casual- comp	parative
3. point sampling	4. cross section	nal

شـمار، سـوال	پاسخ صحیح	وضعيت كليد
- 1	5	عادي
۲	Ų	عادي
٣	الف	عادي
۴	د	عادي
۵	5	عادي
5	5	عادي
٧	الف	عادي
٨	5	عادي
٩	5	عادي
1+	الف	عادي
11	5	عادي
17	5	عادي
17	الف	عادي
14	3	عادي
۱۵	الف	عادي
15	Ų	عادي
17	5	عادي
١٨	Ų	عادي
19	الف	عادي
۲.	3	عادي
71	ب	عادي
77	2	عادي
77	الف	عادي
74	د	عادي
۲۵	ب	عادي
75	الف	عادي
۲۷	5	عادي
7.7	د	عادي
79	ب	عادي
٣.	الف	عادي